MEK-2 siRNA (m): sc-35906



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

A family of protein kinases located upstream of the MAP kinases and responsible for their activation has been identified. The prototype member of this family, designated MAP kinase kinase, or MEK-1, specifically phosphorylates the MAP kinase regulatory threonine and tyrosine residues present in the Thr-Glu-Tyr motif of ERK. A second MEK family member, MEK-2, resembles MEK-1 in its substrate specificity. MEK-3 (or MKK-3) functions to activate p38 MAP kinase, and MEK-4 (also called SEK1 or MKK-4) activates both p38 and JNK MAP kinases. MEK-5 appears to specifically phosphorylate ERK5, whereas MEK-6 phosphorylates p38 and p38b. MEK-7 (or MKK-7) phosphorylates and activates the JNK signal transduction pathway.

REFERENCES

- 1. Crews, C.M., et al. 1992. The primary structure of MEK, a protein kinase that phosphorylates the ERK gene product. Science 258: 478-480.
- Wu, J., et al. 1993. Identification and characterization of a new mammalian mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase, MKK-2. Mol. Cell. Biol. 13: 4539-4548.
- 3. Derijard, B., et al. 1995. Independent human MAP-kinase signal transduction pathways defined by MEK and MKK isoforms. Science 267: 682-685.
- 4. Zhou, G., et al. 1995. Components of a new human protein kinase signal transduction pathway. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 12665-12669.
- Jiang, Y., et al. 1996. Characterization of the structure and function of a new mitogen-activated protein kinase (p38β). J. Biol. Chem. 271: 17920-17926.
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- 7. Tournier, C., et al. 1997. Mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase 7 is an activator of the c-Jun $\rm NH_2$ -terminal kinase. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94: 7337-7442.
- Holland, P.M., et al. 1997. Mkk7 is a stress-activated mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase functionally related to hemipterous. J. Biol. Chem. 272: 24994-24998.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Map2k2 (mouse) mapping to 10 C1.

PRODUCT

MEK-2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see MEK-2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35906-SH and MEK-2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35906-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of MEK-2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-35906A, sc-35906B and sc-35906C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 $\mbox{MEK-2}$ siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of MEK-2 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

MEK-2 (A-1): sc-13159 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of MEK-2 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor MEK-2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: MEK-2 (m)-PR: sc-35906-PR (20 μ l, 446 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Cai, Y., et al. 2007. Suppression of coronavirus replication by inhibition of the MEK signaling pathway. J. Virol. 81: 446-456.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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