NFκB p52 siRNA (m): sc-36043



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The NF κ B transcription factor was originally identi-fied as a protein complex consisting of a DNA binding subunit and an associated protein. The DNA binding subunit is functionally related to c-Rel p75 and Rel B p68. The p50 subunit was initially believed to be a functionally unique protein derived from the amino terminus of a precursor designated p105. A cDNA was isolated that encodes an alternative DNA binding subunit of NF κ B. It is expressed in a variety of cell types and, like p105, undergoes cleavage to generate its NF κ B subunit, in this case a protein designated p52 (previously referred to as p49). In contrast to p50 derived from p105, p52 acts in synergy with p65 to stimulate the HIV enhancer in transiently transfected Jurkat cells.

REFERENCES

- Sen, R., et al. 1986. Multiple nuclear factors interact with the immunoglobulin enhancer sequences. Cell 46: 705-716.
- 2. Baeuerle, P.A., et al. 1989. A 65 kDa subunit of active NF κ B is required for inhibition of NF κ B by I κ B. Genes Dev. 3: 1689-1698.
- 3. Gilmore, T. 1990. NFκB, KBF1 Dorsal and related matters. Cell 62: 841-843.
- Ghosh, S., et al. 1990. Cloning of the p50 DNA binding subunit of NFκB: homology to Rel and Dorsal. Cell 62: 1019-1029.
- 5. Bours, V., et al. 1990. Cloning of a mitogen-inducible gene encoding a κB DNA-binding protein with homology to the Rel oncogene and to cell cycle motifs. Nature 348: 76-80.
- 6. Schmid, R.M., et al. 1991. Cloning of an NF_KB subunit which stimulates HIV transcription in synergy with p65. Nature 352: 733-736.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Nfkb2 (mouse) mapping to 19 C3.

PRODUCT

NF κ B p52 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NF κ B p52 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36043-SH and NF κ B p52 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36043-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NF κ B p52 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-36043A, sc-36043B and sc-36043C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 $NF_{\kappa}B$ p52 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of $NF_{\kappa}B$ p52 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

 $NF\kappa B$ p52 (C-5): sc-7386 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of $NF\kappa B$ p52 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz* Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz* Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz* Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NF κ B p52 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NF κ B p52 (m)-PR: sc-36043-PR (20 μ I, 430 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. Zhou, Y., et al. 2016. AMPK α 1 deletion in fibroblasts promotes tumorigenesis in athymic nude mice by p52-mediated elevation of erythropoietin and Cdk2. Oncotarget 7: 53654-53667.
- 2. Zhao, Q., et al. 2020. Loss of AMPK α 1 triggers centrosome amplification via PLK4 upregulation in mouse embryonic fibroblasts. Int. J. Mol. Sci. 21 pii: E2772.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.