# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# P-Selectin siRNA (m): sc-36136



# BACKGROUND

Selectins, also designated CD62 antigens, comprise a family of carbohydratebinding proteins involved in mediating cellular interactions with leukocytes. L-Selectin (also designated LECAM-1 or CD62L) is expressed on the majority of B and naive T cells and on most monocytes, neutrophils and eosinophils. L-Selectin interacts with specific carbohydrates expressed by activated endothelial cells. P-Selectin (also designated GMP-140 or CD62P), expressed on activated platelets and endothelial cells, and E-Selectin (also designated ELMA-1 or CD62E), expressed on endothelial cells, exhibit overlapping ligand specificities. Both recognize sialyl-Le<sup>x</sup> as a ligand and bind to specific carbohydrates on neutrophils and monocytes.

# REFERENCES

- 1. Varki, A. 1994. Selectin ligands. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91: 7390-7397.
- 2. Tedder, T.F., et al. 1995. The Selectins: vascular adhesion molecules. FASEB J. 10: 866-873.
- Lasky, L.A. 1995. Selectin-carbohydrate interactions and the initiation of the inflammatory response. Annu. Rev. Biochem. 64: 113-139.
- Pavalko, F.M., et al. 1995. The cytoplasmic domain of L-Selectin interacts with cytoskeletal proteins via α-actinin: receptor positioning in microvilli does not require interaction with α-actinin. J. Cell Biol. 129: 1155-1164.
- Rosen, S.D., et al. 1996. Two Selectins converge on sulphate. Leukocyte adhesion. Curr. Biol. 6: 261-264.
- McEver, R.P., et al. 1996. Leukocyte trafficking mediated by Selectincarbohydrate interactions. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 11025-11028.
- Diacovo, T.G., et al. 1996. Platelet-mediated lymphocyte delivery to high endothelial venules. Science 273: 252-255.
- Frenette, P.S., et al. 1996. Susceptibility to infection and altered hematopoiesis in mice deficient in both P- and E-Selectins. Cell 84: 563-574.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Selp (mouse) mapping to 1 H2.2.

#### PRODUCT

P-Selectin siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see P-Selectin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36136-SH and P-Selectin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36136-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of P-Selectin (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-36136A, sc-36136B and sc-36136C.

# PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

# **APPLICATIONS**

P-Selectin siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of P-Selectin expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

P-Selectin (CTB201): sc-8419 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of P-Selectin gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG K BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG K BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG K BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG K BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor P-Selectin gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: P-Selectin (m)-PR: sc-36136-PR (20  $\mu$ l, 422 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.