PKC δ siRNA (h): sc-36253



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Members of the protein kinase C (PKC) family play a key regulatory role in a variety of cellular functions, including cell growth and differentiation, gene expression, hormone secretion and membrane function. PKCs were originally identified as serine/threonine protein kinases whose activity was dependent on calcium and phospholipids. Diacylglycerols (DAG) and tumor promoting phorbol esters bind to and activate PKC. PKCs can be subdivided into at least two major classes, including conventional (c) PKC isoforms (α , β I, β II and γ) and novel (n) PKC isoforms (δ , ϵ , ω , η , θ , λ/ι , μ and ν). Patterns of expression for each PKC isoform differ among tissues and PKC family members exhibit clear differences in their cofactor dependencies. For instance, the kinase activities of PKC δ and ϵ are independent of Ca²⁺. On the other hand, most of the other PKC members possess phorbol ester-binding activities and kinase activities.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PRKCD (human) mapping to 3p21.1.

PRODUCT

PKC δ siRNA (h) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PKC δ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36253-SH and PKC δ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36253-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20 $^{\circ}$ C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

PKC δ siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of PKC δ expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

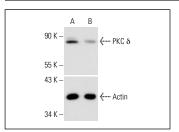
GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

PKC δ (G-9): sc-8402 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of PKC δ gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PKC δ gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PKC δ (h)-PR: sc-36253-PR (20 μ I, 503 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

DATA



PKC δ siRNA (h): sc-36253. Western blot analysis of PKC δ expression in non-transfected control (**A**) and PKC δ siRNA transfected (**B**) Jurkat cells. Blot probed with PKC δ (c-20): sc-937. GAPDH (FL-335): sc-25778 used as specificity and loading control

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Koon, H.W., et al. 2005. Substance P-stimulated interleukin-8 expression in human colonic epithelial cells involves protein kinase Cδ activation. J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther. 314: 1393-1400.
- Géczy, T., et al. 2012. Protein kinase C isoforms have differential roles in the regulation of human sebocyte biology. J. Invest. Dermatol. 132: 1988-1997.
- 3. Saha, K., et al. 2014. p38 δ regulates p53 to control p21 $^{\text{Cip1}}$ expression in human epidermal keratinocytes. J. Biol. Chem. 289: 11443-53.
- 4. Tobío, A., et al. 2015. Cross-talks between c-Kit and PKC isoforms in HMC-1(560) and HMC-1(560,816) cells. Different role of PKC δ in each cellular line. Cell. Immunol. 293: 104-112.
- 5. Thongon, N., et al. 2016. The GSK3 β inhibitor BIS I reverts YAP-dependent EMT signature in PDAC cell lines by decreasing SMADs expression level. Oncotarget 7: 26551-26566.
- 6. Bang, H.Y., et al. 2017. Docosahexaenoic acid induces expression of heme oxygenase-1 and NAD(P)H:quinone oxidoreductase through activation of Nrf2 in human mammary epithelial cells. Molecules 22: 969.
- Ghufran, M.S., et al. 2019. Aflatoxin-induced upregulation of protein arginine methyltransferase 5 is mediated by protein kinase C and extracellular signal-regulated kinase. Cell Biol. Toxicol. 35: 67-80.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.