

# $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin (B-1): sc-365102

## BACKGROUND

Dystrobrevins are protein components of the dystrophin complex, whose disruption leads to Duchenne muscular dystrophy and related diseases.  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin is a dystrophin-related and -associated protein that is involved in synapse maturation and is required for normal muscle function.  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin is a component of the dystrophin glycoprotein complex. It is localized to the cytoplasmic side of the sarcolemma and is highly concentrated at the neuromuscular junctions in skeletal muscle. The insertion of 57 amino acids by alternative splicing accounts for the increase in molecular mass of  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin 1 in skeletal and cardiac muscle compared with brain and lung.  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin containing complexes are found in endothelial and smooth muscle cells, while  $\beta$ -Dystrobrevin containing complexes are present at the basal region of renal epithelial cells. Additionally,  $\beta$ -Dystrobrevin is found in neurons and is highly enriched in postsynaptic densities. Alternative splicing of  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin produces  $\gamma$ -Dystrobrevin (isoform 5),  $\delta$ -Dystrobrevin (isoform 7),  $\epsilon$ -Dystrobrevin (isoform 6) and  $\zeta$ -Dystrobrevin (isoform 8). Additional isoforms may also exist.

## REFERENCES

1. Blake, D.J., et al. 1998.  $\beta$ -Dystrobrevin, a member of the dystrophin-related protein family. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95: 241-246.
2. Blake, D.J., et al. 1999. Different dystrophin-like complexes are expressed in neurons and glia. J. Cell Biol. 147: 645-658.
3. Loh, N.Y., et al. 2000. Assembly of multiple Dystrobrevin-containing complexes in the kidney. J. Cell Sci. 113: 2715-2724.
4. Gieseler, K., et al. 2001. Molecular, genetic and physiological characterisation of dystrobrevin-like (dyb-1) mutants of *Caenorhabditis elegans*. J. Mol. Biol. 307: 107-117.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: DTNA (human) mapping to 18q12.1; Dtna (mouse) mapping to 18 A2.

## SOURCE

$\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin (B-1) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 351-371 within an internal region of  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgM kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-365102 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## APPLICATIONS

$\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin (B-1) is recommended for detection of all isoforms of  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin (B-1) is also recommended for detection of all isoforms of  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin siRNA (h): sc-43321,  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin siRNA (m): sc-43322,  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43321-SH,  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-43322-SH,  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43321-V and  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43322-V.

Molecular Weight of  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin non-muscle  $\alpha$  type: 78 kDa.

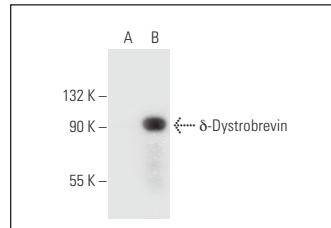
Molecular Weight of  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin muscle  $\alpha$  type: 94 kDa.

Positive Controls: rat skeletal muscle extract: sc-364810, SK-N-SH cell lysate: sc-2410 or  $\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin (h): 293 Lysate: sc-177159.

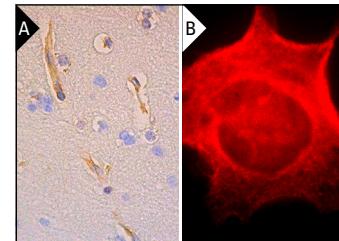
## RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:  
 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein L-Agarose: sc-2336 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohisto-mount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

## DATA



$\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin (B-1): sc-365102. Western blot analysis of  $\delta$ -Dystrobrevin expression in non-transfected: sc-110760 (A) and human  $\delta$ -Dystrobrevin transfected: sc-117159 (B) 293 whole cell lysates.



$\alpha$ -Dystrobrevin (B-1): sc-365102. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human cerebral cortex tissue showing membrane and cytoplasmic staining of endothelial cells (A). Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing cytoplasmic localization (B).

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.