ZAG siRNA (h): sc-36865



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

ZAG (Zn- α 2-glycoprotein, also designated Zn- α 2-gp) is a soluble, secreted protein found in serum and other body fluids (such as cerebrospinal fluid, blood plasma, urine and sweat). ZAG has a tendency to precipitate with zinc salts, has electrophoretic mobility in the region of the two globulins, and has 18% carbohydrate content. A member of the immunoglobulin superfamily, ZAG has a high degree of sequence similarity to class-I major histocompatibility complex (MHC) antigens. The ZAG structure includes a large groove analogous to class I MHC peptide binding grooves. The crystal structure of ZAG resembles a class I MHC heavy chain but does not bind the class I light chain β -2-Microglobulin, unlike other MHC related proteins. ZAG stimulates lipid degradation in adipocytes and its overexpression causes the extensive fat losses associated with some advanced cancers.

REFERENCES

- 1. Jirka, M., et al. 1973. Zn- α 2-glycoprotein in sweat. Cas. Lek. Cesk. 112: 1606-1608.
- 2. Ekman, R., et al. 1976. Renal handling of Zn- α 2-glycoprotein as compared with that of albumin and the retinol-binding protein. J. Clin. Invest. 57: 945-954.
- Shibata, S., et al. 1982. Nephritogenic glycoprotein. IX. Plasma Zn-α2glycoprotein as a second source of nephritogenic glycoprotein in urine. Nephron 31: 170-176.
- 4. Uria, J.A., et al. 1996. Alternative splicing gives rise to two novel long isoforms of Zn- α 2-glycoprotein, a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily. Gene 169: 233-236.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AZGP1 (human) mapping to 7g22.1.

PRODUCT

ZAG siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ZAG shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36865-SH and ZAG shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36865-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of ZAG (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-36865A, sc-36865B and sc-36865C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

ZAG siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of ZAG expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

ZAG (1D4): sc-13585 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of ZAG gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz* Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz* Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz* Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ZAG gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ZAG (h)-PR: sc-36865-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Cao, R., et al. 2019. AZGP1 is androgen responsive and involved in ARinduced prostate cancer cell proliferation and metastasis. J. Cell. Physiol. 234: 17444-17458.
- Wang, Q., et al. 2024. MIIP downregulation drives colorectal cancer progression through inducing peri-cancerous adipose tissue browning. Cell Biosci. 14: 12.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.