SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

β Enolase siRNA (h): sc-37043



BACKGROUND

Enclases have been characterized as highly conserved cytoplasmic glycolytic enzymes that may be involved in differentiation. Three isoenzymes have been identified, α Enclase, β Enclase and γ Enclase. α Enclase expression has been detected on most tissues, whereas β Enclase is expressed predominantly in muscle tissue and γ Enclase is detected only in nervous tissue. These isoforms exist as both homodimers and heterodimers, and they play a role in converting phosphoglyceric acid to phosphenolpyruvic acid in the glycolytic pathway.

REFERENCES

- Whitehead, M.C., et al. 1982. Synapse formation is related to the onset of neuron-specific Enolase immunoreactivity in the avian auditory and vestibular systems. Dev. Neurosci. 5: 298-307.
- Verma, M., et al. 1994. DNA sequences encoding Enolase are remarkably conserved from yeast to mammals. Life Sci. 55: 893-899.
- 3. Keller, A., et al. 1994. Coexpression of α and γ Enolase genes in neurons of adult rat brain. J. Neurosci. Res. 38: 493-504.
- Zhang, E., et al. 1997. Mechanism of Enolase: the crystal structure of asymmetric dimer Enolase-2-phospho-D glycerate/Enolase-phosphenolpyruvate at 2.0 A resolution. Biochemistry 36: 12526-12534.
- 5. Deloulme, J.C., et al. 1997. A comparative study of the distribution of α and γ -Enolase subunits in cultured rat neural cells and fibroblasts. Int. J. Dev. Neurosci. 15: 183-194.
- Sensenbrenner, M., et al. 1997. Expression of two neuronal markers, growth-associated protein 43 and neuron-specific Enolase, in rat glial cells. J. Mol. Med. 75: 653-663.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ENO3 (human) mapping to 17p13.2.

PRODUCT

 β Enolase siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see β Enolase shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37043-SH and β Enolase shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37043-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of β Enolase (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-37043A, sc-37043B and sc-37043C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 β Enolase siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of β Enolase expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

 β Enolase (XX-10): sc-100811 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of β Enolase gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor β Enolase gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: β Enolase (h)-PR: sc-37043-PR (20 μ l, 563 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.