

Elongin C siRNA (m): sc-37091

BACKGROUND

Individuals harboring germline mutations in the tumor suppressor gene von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) exhibit an increased susceptibility to a variety of tumors including renal carcinoma, hemangio-blastoma of the central nervous system and pheochromocytoma. The Elongin (SIII) complex has been identified as the functional target of the VHL protein. Elongin (SIII) is a heterotrimer composed of a transcriptional active subunit designated Elongin A and two regulatory subunits designated Elongin B and Elongin C. VHL functions by binding to the Elongin B and C subunits, inhibiting the transcriptional efficacy of the Elongin (SIII) complex.

REFERENCES

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2. Krumm, A., et al. 1995. Tumor suppression and transcription elongation: the dire consequences of changing partners. *Science* 269: 1400-1401.
3. Duan, D.R., et al. 1995. Inhibition of transcription elongation by the VHL tumor suppressor protein. *Science* 269: 1402-1406.
4. Aso, T., et al. 1995. Elongin (SIII): a multisubunit regulator of elongation by RNA polymerase II. *Science* 269: 1439-1443.
5. Gross, D.J., et al. 1996. Familial pheochromocytoma associated with a novel mutation in the von Hippel-Lindau gene. *J. Clin. Endocrin. Metab.* 81: 147-149.
6. Waber, P.G., et al. 1996. Frequent allelic loss at chromosome arm 3p is distinct from genetic alterations of the von Hippel-Lindau tumor suppressor gene in head and neck cancer. *Oncogene* 12: 365-369.
7. Ribar, B., et al. 2007. ELA1 and CUL3 are required along with ELC1 for RNA polymerase II polyubiquitylation and degradation in DNA damaged yeast cells. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 27: 3211-3216.
8. Vasudevan, S., et al. 2007. The *Caenorhabditis elegans* cell-cycle regulator ZYG-11 defines a conserved family of CUL-2 complex components. *EMBO Rep.* 8: 279-286.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Tceb1 (mouse) mapping to 1 A3.

PRODUCT

Elongin C siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Elongin C shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37091-SH and Elongin C shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37091-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Elongin C (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-37091A, sc-37091B and sc-37091C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Elongin C siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Elongin C expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Elongin C (56): sc-135895 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Elongin C gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Elongin C gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Elongin C (m)-PR: sc-37091-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.