# PRX (H-10): sc-373962



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

The peroxiredoxin (PRX) family comprises six antioxidant proteins, PRX I, II, III, IV, V and VI, which protect cells from reactive oxygen species (ROS) by preventing the metal-catalyzed oxidation of enzymes. The PRX proteins primarily utilize thioredoxin as the electron donor for antioxidation, although they are fairly promiscuous with regard to the hydroperoxide substrate. In addition to protection from ROS, peroxiredoxins are also involved in cell proliferation, differentiation and gene expression. PRX I, II, IV and VI show diffuse cytoplasmic localization, while PRX III and V exhibit distinct mitochondrial localization. The human PRX I gene encodes a protein that is expressed in several tissues, including liver, kidney, testis, lung and nervous system. PRX II is expressed in testis, while PRX III shows expression in lung. PRX I, II and III are overexpressed in breast cancer and may be involved in its development or progression. Upregulated protein levels of PRX I and II in Alzheimer's disease (AD) and Down syndrome (DS) indicate the involvement of PRX I and II in their pathogenesis. The human PRX IV gene is abundantly expressed in many tissues. PRX IV exists as a precursor protein, which is only detected in testis, and a processed secreted form. PRX V also exists as two forms, designated long and short. Like PRX IV, the long form of PRX V is highly expressed in testis. The short form of PRX V is more widely expressed, with high expression in liver, kidney, heart and lung. PRX VI, α1-Cys peroxiredoxin (also known as antioxidant protein 2 or AOP2), is highly expressed in most tissues, particularly in epithelial cells. Localized to the cell cytosol, PRX VI functions independently of other peroxiredoxins and antioxidant proteins, specializing in antioxidant defense, lung phospholipid metabolism and protection of keratinocytes from cell death induced by reactive oxygen species.

### **REFERENCES**

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- 2. Butterfield, L.H., et al. 1999. From cytoprotection to tumor suppression: the multifactorial role of peroxiredoxins. Antioxid. Redox Signal. 1: 385-402.
- 3. Mizusawa, H., et al. 2000. Peroxiredoxin I (macrophage 23 kDa stress protein) is highly and widely expressed in the rat nervous system. Neurosci. Lett. 283: 57-60.
- 4. Noh, D.Y., et al. 2001. Overexpression of peroxiredoxin in human breast cancer. Anticancer Res. 21: 2085-2090.
- Kim, S.H., et al. 2001. Protein levels of human peroxiredoxin subtypes in brains of patients with Alzheimer's disease and Down syndrome. J. Neural Transm. Suppl. 61: 223-235.
- 6. Kinnula, V.L., et al. 2002. Cell specific expression of peroxiredoxins in human lung and pulmonary sarcoidosis. Thorax 57: 157-164.
- 7. Hofmann, B., et al. 2002. Peroxiredoxins. Biol. Chem. 383: 347-364.

#### **SOURCE**

PRX (H-10) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-198 representing full length PRX II of human origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \; lgG_{2b}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

### **APPLICATIONS**

PRX (H-10) is recommended for detection of PRX I, PRX II, PRX III and PRX IV of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μg per 100-500 μg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for PRX siRNA (h): sc-37151, PRX shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37151-SH and PRX shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37151-V.

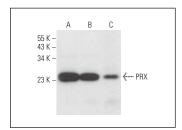
Molecular Weight of PRX: 25 kDa.

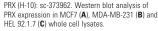
Positive Controls: MCF7 whole cell lysate: sc-2206, HEL 92.1.7 cell lysate: sc-2270 or K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203.

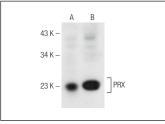
#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

#### DATA







PRX (H-10): sc-373962. Western blot analysis of PRX expression in MCF7 (**A**) and K-562 (**B**) whole cell lysates

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.