AASS (D-8): sc-374322



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

 α -aminoadipic semialdehyde synthase (AASS), also designated lysine ketoglutarate reductase (LKR) or saccharopine dehydrogenase (SDH), is a 926 amino acid protein that exists as a homodimer in the mitochondria. AASS acts as a bifunctional enzyme containing the lysine α -ketoglutarate reductase (LKR) and saccharopine dehydrogenase activities that catalyzes the first two steps in lysine degradation. It is widely expressed with highest expression in liver and transcription of the AASS gene is induced upon starvation. Mutations in the gene encoding AASS result in various forms familial hyperlysinemias (FH), autosomal recessive disorders characterized by hyperlysinemia, lysinuria, and variable saccharopinuria. However, no adverse mental or physical effects have been found in patients with hyperlysinemia.

REFERENCES

- Dancis, J., et al. 1976. Multiple enzyme defects in familial hyperlysinemia. Pediatr. Res. 10: 686-691.
- Markovitz, P.J., et al. 1984. Familial hyperlysinemias. Purification and characterization of the bifunctional aminoadipic semialdehyde synthase with lysine-ketoglutarate reductase and saccharopine dehydrogenase activities. J. Biol. Chem. 259: 11643-11646.
- Oyanagi, K., et al. 1998. Familial hyperlysinemia (α-aminoadipic semialdehyde synthase defect). Ryoikibetsu Shokogun Shirizu 18: 188-190.
- 4. Sacksteder, K.A., et al. 2000. Identification of the α -aminoadipic semi-aldehyde synthase gene, which is defective in familial hyperlysinemia. Am. J. Hum. Genet. 66: 1736-1743.
- 5. Praphanphoj, V., et al. 2001. Identification of the α -aminoadipic semialdehyde dehydrogenase-phosphopantetheinyl transferase gene, the human ortholog of the yeast LYS5 gene. Mol. Genet. Metab. 72: 336-342.
- 6. Cleveland, B.M., et al. 2008. α -aminoadipate δ -semialdehyde synthase mRNA knockdown reduces the lysine requirement of a mouse hepatic cell line. J. Nutr. 138: 2143-2147.
- Tonin, A.M., et al. 2009. Inhibition of creatine kinase activity by lysine in rat cerebral cortex. Metab. Brain Dis. 24: 349-360.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: AASS (human) mapping to 7q31.32; Aass (mouse) mapping to 6 A3.1.

SOURCE

AASS (D-8) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 627-926 mapping at the C-terminus of AASS of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG_{2a} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

AASS (D-8) is recommended for detection of AASS of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for AASS siRNA (h): sc-89857, AASS siRNA (m): sc-140738, AASS shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-89857-SH, AASS shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-140738-SH, AASS shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-89857-V and AASS shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-140738-V.

Molecular Weight (predicted) of AASS: 102 kDa.

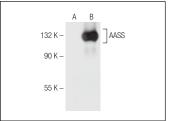
Molecular Weight (observed) of AASS: 116-128 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210 or AASS (m): 293T Lysate: sc-118147.

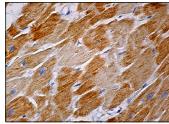
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA



AASS (D-8): sc-374322. Western blot analysis of AASS expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and mouse AASS transfected: sc-118147 (**B**) 293T whole cell lysates.



AASS (D-8): sc-374322. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human heart muscle tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of myocytes.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.