

PCTAIRE-3 siRNA (h): sc-37588

BACKGROUND

Cell cycle progression is controlled in part by a family of cyclin proteins and cyclin dependent kinases (Cdks). Cdk proteins work in concert with cyclins to phosphorylate key substrates involved in cell cycle progression. Another family of proteins, Cdk inhibitors, also play a role in regulating the cell cycle by binding to cyclin-Cdk complexes and modulating their activity. Members of the Cdk family include Cdk2-Cdk8, PCTAIRE-1-3, PITALRE and PITSIRE. PCTAIRE-1, PCTAIRE-2 and PCTAIRE-3 comprise a subfamily of Cdc2-related serine/threonine kinases. PCTAIRE-1, which is expressed primarily in mammalian brain, interacts with a variety of proteins, and is thought to be part of a multiple signal transduction cascade. PCTAIRE-2, also with expression in brain, may be important in terminally differentiated neurons. The human PCTAIRE-3 gene maps to chromosome 1q32.1.

REFERENCES

- Okuda, T., et al. 1992. PCTAIRE-1 and PCTAIRE-3, two members of a novel Cdc2/Cdk2-related protein kinase gene family. *Oncogene* 7: 2249-2258.
- Okuda, T., et al. 1994. Cloning of genomic loci and chromosomal localization of the human PCTAIRE-1 and -3 protein kinase genes. *Genomics* 21: 217-221.
- Pines, J. 1994. The cell cycle kinases. *Semin. Cancer Biol.* 5: 305-313.
- MacLachlan, T.K., et al. 1995. Cyclins, cyclin-dependent kinases and Cdk inhibitors: implications in cell cycle control and cancer. *Crit. Rev. Eukaryot. Gene Expr.* 5: 127-156.
- Siebert, R., et al. 1996. Role of the cyclin-dependent kinase 4 and 6 inhibitor gene family p15, p16, p18 and p19 in leukemia and lymphoma. *Leuk. Lymphoma* 23: 505-520.
- Dirks, P.B., et al. 1997. Current concepts in neuro-oncology: the cell cycle—a review. *Neurosurgery* 40: 1000-1013.
- Sladeczek, F., et al. 1997. The Cdk-like protein PCTAIRE-1 from mouse brain associated with p11 and 14-3-3 proteins. *Mol. Gen. Genet.* 254: 571-577.
- Hirose, T., et al. 1997. PCTAIRE 2, a Cdc2-related serine/threonine kinase, is predominantly expressed in terminally differentiated neurons. *Eur. J. Biochem.* 249: 481-488.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CDK18 (human) mapping to 1q32.1.

PRODUCT

PCTAIRE-3 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PCTAIRE-3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37588-SH and PCTAIRE-3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37588-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of PCTAIRE-3 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-37588A, sc-37588B and sc-37588C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

PCTAIRE-3 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of PCTAIRE-3 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

PCTAIRE-3 (H-4): sc-393262 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of PCTAIRE-3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PCTAIRE-3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PCTAIRE-3 (h)-PR: sc-37588-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.