# MYH (B-5): sc-376157



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Myosin is a highly conserved, ubiquitously expressed protein that interacts with Actin to generate the force for cellular movements. Conventional Myosins are hexameric proteins consisting of two heavy chain subunits, a pair of non-phosphorylatable light chain subunits and a pair of phosphorylatable light chain subunits. Three general classes of Myosin have been cloned: smooth muscle Myosins, striated muscle Myosins and non-muscle Myosins. Contractile activity in smooth muscle is regulated by the calcium/calmodulin-dependent phosphorylation of Myosin light chain (MLC) by Myosin light chain kinase. Myosin heavy chains, which are encoded by the MYH gene family, contain Actin-activated ATPase activity which generates the motor function of Myosin. Myosin heavy chains were initially isolated from a human fetal skeletal muscle and are the major determinant in the speed of contraction of skeletal muscle. Various isoforms of Myosin heavy chains are differentially expressed depending on the functional activity of the muscle.

## **SOURCE**

MYH (B-5) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1641-1940 of myosin heavy chain 3 of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g lgG<sub>1</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

MYH (B-5) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-376157 AC), 500  $\mu$ g/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-376157 HRP), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-376157 PE), fluorescein (sc-376157 FITC), Alexa Fluor\* 488 (sc-376157 AF488), Alexa Fluor\* 546 (sc-376157 AF546), Alexa Fluor\* 594 (sc-376157 AF594) or Alexa Fluor\* 647 (sc-376157 AF647), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor\* 680 (sc-376157 AF680) or Alexa Fluor\* 790 (sc-376157 AF790), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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### **APPLICATIONS**

MYH (B-5) is recommended for detection of skeletal and cardiac Myosin heavy chain of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu g$  per 100-500  $\mu g$  of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of MYH: 200 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse skeletal muscle extract: sc-364250, mouse heart extract: sc-2254 or Sol8 cell lysate: sc-2249.

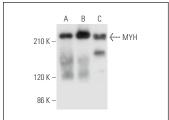
# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### DATA





MYH (B-5): sc-376157. Western blot analysis of MYH expression in mouse heart (A) and mouse skeletal muscle (B) tissue extracts and Sol8 whole cell lysate (C).

MYH (B-5): sc-376157. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human heart muscle tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of myocytes.

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- 1. Ramazzotti, G., et al. 2016. IPMK and β-catenin mediate PLC-β1-dependent signaling in myogenic differentiation. Oncotarget 7: 84118-84127.
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- 3. Hu, M., et al. 2018. Deubiquitinase inhibitor auranofin attenuated cardiac hypertrophy by blocking NF $\kappa$ B activation. Cell. Physiol. Biochem. 45: 2421-2430.
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- Nguyen, T.T.N., et al 2020. Preventive effects of dulaglutide on disuse muscle atrophy through inhibition of inflammation and apoptosis by induction of Hsp72 expression. Front. Pharmacol. 11: 90.
- Xu, Y., et al. 2020. LncRNA-Mhrt regulates cardiac hypertrophy by modulating the miR-145a-5p/KLF4/myocardin axis. J. Mol. Cell. Cardiol. 139: 47-61.
- 7. O'Brien, M.E., et al. 2020. Tumor necrosis factor- $\alpha$  regulates skeletal myogenesis by inhibiting SP1 interaction with cis-acting regulatory elements within the Fbxl2 gene promoter. Mol. Cell. Biol. 40: e00040-20.
- Bossone, K.A., et al. 2020. Histone acetyltransferase inhibition rescues differentiation of emerin-deficient myogenic progenitors. Muscle Nerve 62: 128-136.
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# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.