RFC3 siRNA (h): sc-37635



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Replication factor C (RFC) is an essential DNA polymerase accessory protein that is required for numerous aspects of DNA metabolism including DNA replication, DNA repair, and telomere metabolism. RFC is a heteropentameric complex that recognizes a primer on a template DNA, binds to a primer terminus, and loads proliferating cell nuclear antigen (PCNA) onto DNA at primertemplate junctions in an ATP-dependent reaction. All five of the RFC subunits share a set of related sequences (RFC boxes) that include nucleotide-binding consensus sequences. Four of the five RFC genes (RFC1, RFC2, RFC3, and RFC4) have consensus ATP-binding motifs. The small RFC proteins, RFC2, RFC3, RFC4 and RFC5, interact with Rad24, whereas the RFC1 subunit does not. RFC3 is required not only for DNA replication, but also for replication and damage checkpoint controls, probably functioning as a checkpoint sensor. The human RFC3 gene maps to chromosome 13q13.2 and encodes the RFC3 subunit. In Saccharomyces cerevisiae, purified RFC3 has an ATPase activity that is markedly stimulated by single-stranded DNA but not by double-stranded DNA or RNA.

REFERENCES

- Li, X., et al. 1994. Molecular cloning and expression of the Saccharomyces cerevisiae RFC3 gene, an essential component of replication factor C. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91: 868-872.
- 2. Cullmann, G., et al. 1995. Characterization of the five replication factor C genes of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. Mol. Cell. Biol. 15: 4661-4671.
- 3. Beckwith, W.H., et al. 1998. Destabilized PCNA trimers suppress defective RFC1 proteins *in vivo* and *in vitro*. Biochemistry 37: 3711-3722.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RFC3 (human) mapping to 13q13.2.

PRODUCT

RFC3 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see RFC3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37635-SH and RFC3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37635-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of RFC3 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-37635A, sc-37635B and sc-37635C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20 $^{\circ}$ C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{RFC3}}$ siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of RFC3 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

RFC3 (G-10): sc-390293 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of RFC3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor RFC3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: RFC3 (h)-PR: sc-37635-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Gong, S., et al. 2019. RFC3 induces epithelial-mesenchymal transition in lung adenocarcinoma cells through the Wnt/β-catenin pathway and possesses prognostic value in lung adenocarcinoma. Int. J. Mol. Med. 44: 2276-2288.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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