# Akt1 (A-11): sc-377457



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

The serine/threonine kinase Akt family contains several members, including Akt1 (also designated PKB or RacPK), Akt2 (also designated PKB $\beta$  or RacPK- $\beta$ b) and Akt 3 (also designated PKB $\gamma$  or thyoma viral proto-oncogene 3), which exhibit sequence homology with the protein kinase A and C families and are encoded by the c-Akt proto-oncogene. All members of the Akt family have a pleckstrin homology domain. Akt1 and Akt2 are activated by PDGF stimulation. Activation is dependent on PDGFR- $\beta$  Tyr residues 740 and 751, which bind the subunit of the phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI 3-kinase) complex. Activation of Akt1 by Insulin or Insulin-growth factor-1(IGF-1) results in phosphorylation of both Thr 308 and Ser 473. Phosphorylation of both residues is important to generate a high level of Akt1 activity. The phosphorylation of Thr 308 is not dependent on phosphorylation of Ser 473 *in vivo*. Thus, Akt proteins become phosphorylated and activated in Insulin/IGF-1-stimulated cells by an upstream kinase(s). The activation of Akt1 and Akt2 is inhibited by the PI kinase inhibitor wortmannin, suggesting that the protein signals downstream of the PI kinases.

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: AKT1 (human) mapping to 14q32.33; Akt1 (mouse) mapping to 12 F1.

## **SOURCE**

Akt1 (A-11) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 443-479 near the C-terminus of Akt1 of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g  $lgG_1$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-377457 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

## **APPLICATIONS**

Akt1 (A-11) is recommended for detection of Akt1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Akt1 siRNA (h): sc-29195, Akt1 siRNA (m): sc-29196, Akt1 siRNA (r): sc-108059, Akt1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29195-SH, Akt1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29196-SH, Akt1 shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-108059-SH, Akt1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29195-V, Akt1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29196-V and Akt1 shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-108059-V.

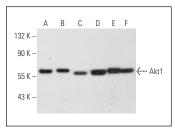
Molecular Weight of Akt1: 62 kDa.

Positive Controls: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210, IMR-32 cell lysate: sc-2409 or KNRK whole cell lysate: sc-2214.

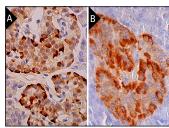
## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## DATA



Akt1 (A-11): sc-377457. Western blot analysis of Akt1 expression in MIA PaCa-2 (**A**), ZR-75-1 (**B**), BT-20 (**C**), IMR-32 (**D**), NIH/3T3 (**E**) and KNRK (**F**) whole cell bentor.



Akt1 (A-11): sc-377457. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human pancreas tissue showing cytoplasmic and nuclear staining of Islets of Langerhans (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human pancreas tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of Islets of Langerhans (B).

# **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Bai, T., et al. 2013. Resveratrol mitigates isoflurane-induced neuroapoptosis by inhibiting the activation of the Akt-regulated mitochondrial apoptotic signaling pathway. Int. J. Mol. Med. 32: 819-826.
- 2. Wang, L., et al. 2015. Hypoxia promotes the proliferation of MC3T3-E1 cells via the hypoxia-inducible factor- $1\alpha$  signaling pathway. Mol. Med. Rep. 12: 5267-5273.
- 3. Pan, Y., et al. 2016. MiR-646 is a key negative regulator of EGFR pathway in lung cancer. Exp. Lung Res. 42: 286-295.
- Zou, H., et al. 2017. Protective role of α-lipoic acid in hyperuricemia-induced endothelial dysfunction. Exp. Ther. Med. 13: 3047-3054.
- Grassilli, S., et al. 2018. Vav1 down-modulates Akt in different breast cancer subtypes: a new promising chance to improve breast cancer outcome. Mol. Oncol. 12: 1012-1025.
- Zhang, H., et al. 2019. Cadmium results in accumulation of autophagosomes-dependent apoptosis through activating Akt-impaired autophagic flux in neuronal cells. Cell. Signal. 55: 26-39.
- Gravina, G.L., et al. 2019. The small molecule ephrin receptor inhibitor, GLPG1790, reduces renewal capabilities of cancer stem cells, showing anti-tumour efficacy on preclinical glioblastoma models. Cancers 11: 359.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.



See **Akt1 (B-1): sc-5298** for Akt1 antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, and Alexa Fluor® 488, 546, 594, 647, 680 and 790.