# PI 3-kinase p85α (D-3): sc-377482



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI 3-kinase) is composed of (p85) and (p110) subunits. P85 lacks PI 3-kinase activity and acts as an adapter, coupling p110 to activated protein tyrosine kinase. Two forms of p85 have been described (p85 $\alpha$  and p85 $\beta$ ), each possessing one SH3 and two SH2 domains. Various p110 isoforms have been identified. P110 $\alpha$  and p110 $\beta$  interact with p85 $\alpha$ , and p110 $\alpha$  has also been shown to interact with p85 $\beta$  *in vitro*. P110 $\delta$  expression is restricted to white blood cells. It has been shown to bind p85 $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , but it apparently does not phosphorylate these subunits. P110 $\delta$  seems to have the capacity to autophosphorylate. P110 $\gamma$  does not interact with the p85 subunits. It has been shown to be activated by  $\alpha$  and  $\beta\gamma$  heterotrimeric G proteins.

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: PIK3R1 (human) mapping to 5q13.1; Pik3r1 (mouse) mapping to 13 D1.

## **SOURCE**

PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  (D-3) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 27-65 near the N-terminus of PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgM kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-377482 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

# **APPLICATIONS**

PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  (D-3) is recommended for detection of PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  (D-3) is also recommended for detection of PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  in additional species, including canine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  siRNA (h): sc-36217, PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  siRNA (m): sc-36218, PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  siRNA (r): sc-156021, PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36217-SH, PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36218-SH, PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-156021-SH, PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36217-V, PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36218-V and PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-156021-V.

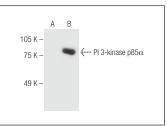
Molecular Weight of PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$ : 85 kDa.

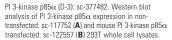
Positive Controls: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210, Caki-1 cell lysate: sc-2224 or PI 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  (m): 293T Lysate: sc-122557.

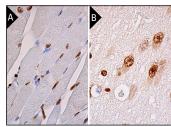
## **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein L-Agarose: sc-2336 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

#### DATA







Pl 3-kinase p85 $\alpha$  (D-3): sc-377482. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human skeletal muscle tissue showing nuclear staining of myocytes (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human cerebral cortex tissue showing nuclear staining of neuronal cells, glial cells and endothelial cells (B)

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- 1. Yan, W., et al. 2015. Chronic blockade of class I PI3-kinase attenuates Ang II-induced cardiac hypertrophy and autophagic alteration. Eur. Rev. Med. Pharmacol. Sci. 19: 772-783.
- Zhao, H., et al. 2015. Protective effects of monosialotetrahexosylganglioside sodium on H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>-induced human vascular endothelial cells. Exp. Ther. Med. 10: 947-953.
- 3. You, X., et al. 2017. Endogenous hydrogen sulfide contributes to uterine quiescence during pregnancy. Reproduction 153: 535-543.

### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.