



ESE-1 siRNA (h): sc-37851

BACKGROUND

ESE-1, a member of the Ets family of transcription factors, critically regulates epithelial cell differentiation and mediates vascular inflammation. ESE-1 is strongly expressed in vascular endothelium and smooth muscle cells, where it is induced in response to inflammatory cytokines and lipopolysaccharides, interacts with NF κ B to induce nitric oxide synthase, and is induced during terminal differentiation of epidermal and primary keratinocytes. In addition, ESE-1 is upregulated upon differentiation of corneal epithelium and interacts with Sp1 and AP-1 proteins to induce squamous differentiation marker expression in bronchial epithelial cells.

REFERENCES

1. Oettgen, P., et al. 1997. Isolation and characterization of a novel epithelium-specific transcription factor, ESE-1, a member of the ets family. *Mol. Cell Biol.* 17: 4419-4433
2. Rudders, S., et al. 2000. ESE-1 is a novel transcriptional mediator of inflammation that interacts with NF κ B to regulate the inducible nitric oxide synthase gene. *J. Biol. Chem.* 276: 3302-3309.
3. Yoshida, N., et al. 2000. Ets family transcription factor ESE-1 is expressed in corneal epithelial cells and is involved in their differentiation. *Mech. Dev.* 97: 27-34.
4. Reddy, S.P., et al. 2003. Interplay between proximal and distal promoter elements is required for squamous differentiation marker induction in the bronchial epithelium: role for ESE-1, Sp1, and AP-1 proteins. *J. Biol. Chem.* 278: 21378-21387.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ELF3 (human) mapping to 1q32.1.

PRODUCT

ESE-1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ESE-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37851-SH and ESE-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37851-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of ESE-1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-37851A, sc-37851B and sc-37851C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

ESE-1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of ESE-1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

ESE-1 (E-8): sc-376055 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of ESE-1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ESE-1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ESE-1 (h)-PR: sc-37851-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Lee, S.H., et al. 2008. ESE-1/Egr-1 pathway plays a role in tolferenic acid-induced apoptosis in colorectal cancer cells. *Mol. Cancer Ther.* 7: 3739-3750.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.