

GABP- β 1/2 siRNA (m): sc-37904

BACKGROUND

The transcription factor GA-binding protein (GABP) is composed of two subunits, the Ets-related GABP- α and a GABP- α -associated subunit, GABP- β . GABP- α binds to a specific DNA sequence and GABP- β exists as β 1 and β 2 splice variants that differ in their C-termini. In primary neuronal cultures, GABP- β is expressed in both the cytoplasm and the nucleus, whereas GABP- α is expressed mainly in the nucleus. GABP is constitutively expressed as either a GABP- $\alpha\beta$ heterodimer or a GABP- $\alpha\beta$ heterotetramer, both of which can modify GABP-dependent transcription *in vitro* and *in vivo*. The GABP- $\alpha\beta$ tetrameric complex performs many different functions, such as stimulating transcription of the adenovirus E4 gene, differentially activating BRCA1 expression in human breast cell lines, potentiating Tat-mediated activation of long terminal repeat promoter transcription and viral replication in certain cell types, acting as a coordinator of mitochondrial and nuclear transcription for cytochrome oxidase in neurons and assisting in the regulation of rpl32 gene transcription.

REFERENCES

1. Martin, M.E., et al. 1996. Redox regulation of GA-binding protein- α DNA binding activity. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 25617-25623.
2. Suzuki, F., et al. 1998. Functional interactions of transcription factor human GA-binding protein subunits. *J. Biol. Chem.* 273: 29302-29308.
3. Sawada, J., et al. 1999. Synergistic transcriptional activation by hGABP and select members of the activation transcription factor/cAMP response element-binding protein family. *J. Biol. Chem.* 274: 35475-35482.
4. Verhoef, K., et al. 1999. Evolution of the human immunodeficiency virus type 1 long terminal repeat promoter by conversion of an NF κ B enhancer element into a GABP binding site. *J. Virol.* 73: 1331-1340.
5. Hoare, S., et al. 1999. Identification of a GABP α/β binding site involved in the induction of oxytocin receptor gene expression in human breast cells, potentiation by c-Fos/c-Jun. *Endocrinology* 140: 2268-2279.
6. Chinenov, Y., et al. 2000. The α and β subunits of the GA-binding protein form a stable heterodimer in solution. Revised model of heterotetrameric complex assembly. *J. Biol. Chem.* 275: 7749-7756.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Gabpb2 (mouse) mapping to 3 F2.1.

PRODUCT

GABP- β 1/2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GABP- β 1/2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37904-SH and GABP- β 1/2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37904-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GABP- β 1/2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-37904A, sc-37904B and sc-37904C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

GABP- β 1/2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of GABP- β 1/2 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

GABP- β 1/2 (E-1): sc-271531 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of GABP- β 1/2 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GABP- β 1/2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GABP- β 1/2 (m)-PR: sc-37904-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.