



hnRNP A0 siRNA (h): sc-38258

BACKGROUND

Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins (hnRNPs) constitute a set of polypeptides that contribute to mRNA transcription and pre-mRNA processing as well as mature mRNA transport to the cytoplasm and translation. They also bind heterogeneous nuclear RNA (hnRNA), which are the transcripts produced by RNA polymerase II. There are approximately 20 known hnRNP proteins and their complexes are the major constituents of the spliceosome. The majority of hnRNP protein components are localized to the nucleus; however, some shuttle between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. hnRNP I, also designated polypyrimidine tract-binding protein (PTB), and its homolog hnRNP L, bind to the 3' end of introns to modulate alternative splicing mechanisms of pre-mRNAs in normal cells and the translation of several viruses, including hepatitis C virus (HCV). The human hnRNP I gene maps to chromosome 19p13.3 and encodes a protein that is localized in the nucleoplasm. hnRNP L, like hnRNP I, is also localized in the nucleoplasm.

REFERENCES

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2. Myer, V.E., et al. 1995. Isolation and characterization of a novel, low abundance hnRNP protein: A0. *RNA* 1: 171-182.
3. Badolato, J., et al. 1995. Identification and characterisation of a novel human RNA-binding protein. *Gene* 166: 323-337.
4. Siomi, H., et al. 1995. A nuclear localization domain in the hnRNP A1 protein. *J. Cell Biol.* 129: 551-560.
5. Hanamura, A., et al. 1998. Regulated tissue-specific expression of antagonistic pre-mRNA splicing factors. *RNA* 4: 430-444.
6. Kim, J.H., et al. 2000. Protein-protein interaction among hnRNPs shuttling between nucleus and cytoplasm. *J. Mol. Biol.* 298: 395-405.
7. Melcak, I., et al. 2000. Nuclear pre-mRNA compartmentalization: trafficking of released transcripts to splicing factor reservoirs. *Mol. Biol. Cell* 11: 497-510.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: HNRNPA0 (human) mapping to 5q31.2.

PRODUCT

hnRNP A0 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see hnRNP A0 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38258-SH and hnRNP A0 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38258-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of hnRNP A0 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-38258A, sc-38258B and sc-38258C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

hnRNP A0 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of hnRNP A0 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor hnRNP A0 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: hnRNP A0 (h)-PR: sc-38258-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.