

Rpp30 siRNA (h): sc-38352

BACKGROUND

Ribonuclease P (RNase P) and Ribonuclease MRP (RNase MRP) are small nuclear ribonucleoproteins (snRNPs) that act on RNA substrates *in vitro*. RNase P and RNase MRP, which accumulate in the nucleolus, have a similar RNA component and also have several protein subunits in common. RNase P, which consists of a complex of an RNA species (H1 RNA), POP1 (processing of precursor 1), POP5 (processing of precursor 5), and at least seven Rpps (including Rpp14, Rpp29, Rpp30 and Rpp38), removes the 5' leader sequences from precursor tRNA molecules. In particular, the nucleolar-localizing RNase P catalyzes the hydrolysis of a specific phosphodiester bond in precursor tRNA to form the mature 5' end of tRNA. The structurally related RNase MRP plays an essential role in the formation of the 5' end of 5.8S rRNA. Both RNase P and RNase MRP are associated with Th/To ribonucleoproteins; Rpp30 and Rpp38 have specifically been implicated as Th autoantigens which contribute to the autoimmune disease systemic sclerosis.

REFERENCES

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7. van Eenennaam, H., van der Heijden, A., Janssen, R.J., van Venrooij, W.J. and Pruijn, G.J. 2001. Basic domains target protein subunits of the RNase MRP complex to the nucleolus independently of complex association. Mol. Biol. Cell 12: 3680-3689.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: RPP30 (human) mapping to 10q23.31.

PRODUCT

Rpp30 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Rpp30 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38352-SH and Rpp30 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38352-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Rpp30 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-38352A, sc-38352B and sc-38352C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Rpp30 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Rpp30 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Rpp30 (2931D5a): sc-81374 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Rpp30 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Rpp30 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Rpp30 (h)-PR: sc-38352-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.