# SNAPC 190 siRNA (h): sc-38405



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

TATA-box binding protein (TBP) interactions with TBP-associated factors (TAFs) are required for the transcription of RNA polymerases. One particular TBP-TAF complex, snRNA-activating protein complex (SNAPC), is unusual in that it regulates basal transcription of both RNA polymerase II and III by binding specifically to a non-TATA-box proximal sequence element (PSE). SNAPC consists of five subunits of varying size. SNAPC binds to Oct-1 and TBP, which are activators of snRNA and RNA polymerases, respectively. The POU domain of Oct-1 binds to SNAPC 190 and effectively recruits SNAPC to the PSE. The cooperative binding of SNAPC and Oct-1 to their respective sequence elements is mediated by a nucleosome positioned between the two sequence elements. SNAPC 19 mediates the assembly of the subunits to form a functional SNAPC transcription regulator. SNAPC 50 (also designated PTFy) contains two zinc finger motifs and binds to SNAPC 43 (also designated PTFy) but not SNAPC 45 (PTF\delta).

# **REFERENCES**

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- Henry, R.W., et al. 1996. Cloning and characterization of SNAP50, a subunit of the snRNA-activating protein complex SNAPC. EMBO J. 15: 7129-7136.
- Ford, E. and Hernandez, N. 1997. Characterization of a trimeric complex containing Oct-1, SNAPC, and DNA. J. Biol. Chem. 272: 16048-16055.
- 6. Mittal, V. and Hernandez, N. 1997. Role for the amino-terminal region of human TBP in U6 snRNA transcription. Science 275: 1136-1140.
- Henry, R.W., et al. 1998. SNAP19 mediates the assembly of a functional core promoter complex (SNAPc) shared by RNA polymerases II and III. Genes Dev. 12: 2664-2672.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: SNAPC4 (human) mapping to 9q34.3.

#### **PRODUCT**

SNAPC 190 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see SNAPC 190 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38405-SH and SNAPC 190 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38405-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of SNAPC 190 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-38405A, sc-38405B and sc-38405C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20 $^{\circ}$  C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20 $^{\circ}$  C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

### **APPLICATIONS**

SNAPC 190 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of SNAPC 190 expression in human cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

SNAPC 190 (B-11): sc-515660 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of SNAPC 190 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SNAPC 190 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SNAPC 190 (h)-PR: sc-38405-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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