TFE3 siRNA (h): sc-38507



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The DNA-binding factor TFE3 contains adjacent helix-loop-helix (HLH) and leucine zipper (LZ) domains flanked by an upstream basic region. These protein motifs are frequently observed in other transcription factors and are particularly common to members of the Myc family. TFE3 is ubiquitously expressed and can directly associates with DNA as either homodimers or heterodimers formed with two related proteins, TFEB or TFEC. TFE3 binds to and activates the microE3 motif of the immunoglobulin heavy-chain enhancer to induce B-cell-specific gene transcription and DNA recombination. TFEB binds to the major late promoter of adenovirus and specifically associates with DNA as both a homodimer and a heterodimer with TFE3. TFEB is expressed at low levels in the embryo but at high levels in the trophoblast cells of the placenta, where it plays a critical role in regulating normal vascularization of the placenta. TFEC shares a bHLH/LZ structure with TFE3 and a closely related protein microphthalmia-associated transcription factor (MITF), which is critically involved in melanocyte differentiation. Unlike TFE3, the expression of TFEC is largely restricted to fibroblasts, myoblasts, chondrosarcoma cells, and myeloma cells.

REFERENCES

- 1. Beckmann, H., et al. 1990. TFE3: a helix-loop-helix protein that activates transcription through the immunoglobulin enhancer μ E3 motif. Genes Dev. 4: 167-179.
- Fisher, D.E., et al. 1991. TFEB has DNA-binding and oligomerization properties of a unique helix-loop-helix/leucine-zipper family. Genes Dev. 5: 2342-2352.
- Kerkhoff, E., et al. 1991. Sequence-specific DNA binding by Myc proteins. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88: 4323-4327.
- Artandi, S.E., et al. 1994. The basic helix-loop-helix-zipper domain of TFE3 mediates enhancer-promoter interaction. Mol. Cell. Biol. 14: 7704-7716.
- Yasumoto, K., et al. 1997. Molecular cloning of cDNA encoding a human TFEC isoform, a newly identified transcriptional regulator. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1353: 23-31.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TFE3 (human) mapping to Xp11.23.

PRODUCT

TFE3 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see TFE3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38507-SH and TFE3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38507-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of TFE3 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-38507A, sc-38507B and sc-38507C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

TFE3 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of TFE3 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TFE3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TFE3 (h)-PR: sc-38507-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Fan, T., et al. 2018. Inhibiting MT2-TFE3-dependent autophagy enhances melatonin-induced apoptosis in tongue squamous cell carcinoma. J. Pineal Res. E-published.
- 2. Zheng, K., et al. 2020. Sulforaphane inhibits autophagy and induces exosome-mediated paracrine senescence via regulating mTOR/TFE3. Mol. Nutr. Food Res. 64: e1901231.
- Son, S., et al. 2023. CCN3/NOV promotes metastasis and tumor progression via GPNMB-induced EGFR activation in triple-negative breast cancer. Cell Death Dis. 14: 81.
- Bhattacharya, A., et al. 2023. A lysosome membrane regeneration pathway depends on TBC1D15 and autophagic lysosomal reformation proteins. Nat. Cell Biol. 25: 685-698.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.