PGM 3 (E-6): sc-390280



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Phosphoglucomutase (PGM), which belongs to the hexose-phosphate mutase family, plays an essential role in glycogen catabolism (glycogenolysis) as well as in the process of glycogen synthesis (glycogenesis). During glycogenolysis, PGM converts glucose-1-phosphate (Glc-1-P) to glucose-6-phosphate (Glc-6-P), thus promoting glycolysis and the pentose phosphate pathway. During glycogenesis, PGM functions in the opposite manner, converting glucose-6-phosphate into glucose-1-phosphate, to facilitate glycogen synthesis. PGM has five structural loci: PGM 1, PGM 2, PGM 3, PGM 4 and Aciculin. These five genetic forms of PGM differ in amino acid sequences but catalyze the same reactions, therefore indicating that they are isozymes. PGM 3 is a 542 amino acid protein expressed ubiquitously with the exception of lung tissue. Highest level of expression is found in heart, liver, pancreas and placenta tissue. All phosphoglucomutases act as monomers and bind one magnesium ion per subunit.

REFERENCES

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- Whitehouse, D.B., et al. 1992. Phosphoglucomutase 1: complete human and rabbit mRNA sequences and direct mapping of this highly polymorphic marker on human chromosome 1. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89: 411-415.
- Pang, H., et al. 2002. Identification of human phosphoglucomutase 3 (PGM3) as N-acetylglucosamine-phosphate mutase (AGM1). Ann. Hum. Genet. 66 139-144.
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- McCarthy, T.R., et al. 2005. Overexpression of Mycobacterium tuberculosis manB, a phosphomannomutase that increases phosphatidylinositol mannoside biosynthesis in Mycobacterium smegmatis and mycobacterial association with human macrophages. Mol. Microbiol. 58: 774-790.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PGM3 (human) mapping to 6q14.1.

SOURCE

PGM 3 (E-6) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 243-542 mapping at the C-terminus of PGM 3 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG_{2a} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

PGM 3 (E-6) is recommended for detection of PGM 3 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000)

Suitable for use as control antibody for PGM 3 siRNA (h): sc-95517, PGM 3 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-95517-SH and PGM 3 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-95517-V.

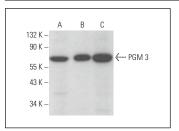
Molecular Weight of PGM 3: 60 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, AN3 CA cell lysate: 24662 or K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203.

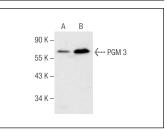
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA







PGM 3 (E-6): sc-390280. Western blot analysis of PGM 3 expression in HeLa (**A**) and K-562 (**B**) whole cell legates

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.