IdeE (B-1): sc-390308



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Streptococcus equi subspecies equi (S. equi) is a host-restricted pathogen that is the cause of a prevalent and infectious equine disease known as strangles. Highly contagious, strangles causes a profound inflammatory response, with symptoms including lymphodendopathy of the head and neck, fever, nasal discharge and lack of appetite in the affected horse. Strangles is most commonly a problem in young horses as their immune systems are not fully developed.

REFERENCES

- 1. Chanter, N., et al. 2000. *Streptococcus equi* with truncated M-proteins isolated from outwardly healthy horses. Microbiology 146: 1361-1369.
- 2. Harrington, D.J., et al. 2002. The molecular basis of *Streptococcus equi* infection and disease. Microbes Infect. 4: 501-510.
- 3. Timoney, J.F. 2004. The pathogenic equine streptococci. Vet. Res. 35: 397-409.
- 4. Davidson, A., et al. 2008. Lack of correlation between antibody titers to Fibrinogen-binding protein of *Streptococcus equi* and persistent carriers of strangles. J. Vet. Diagn. Invest. 20: 457-462.
- Holden, M.T., et al. 2009. Genomic evidence for the evolution of Streptococcus equi: host restriction, increased virulence, and genetic exchange with human pathogens. PLoS Pathog. 5: e1000346.
- 6. Boyle, A. 2011. *Streptococcus equi* subspecies *equi* infection (strangles) in horses. Compend. Contin. Educ. Vet. 33: E1-E7.
- 7. Waller, A.S., et al. 2011. *Streptococcus equi:* a pathogen restricted to one host. J. Med. Microbiol. 60: 1231-1240.

SOURCE

IdeE (B-1) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-349 representing full length IdeE of *Streptococcus equi* subsp. *zooepidemicus* origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g \, lg G_{2a}$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

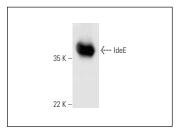
IdeE (B-1) is recommended for detection of IdeE of *S. equi* strains H70, MCGS10565 and 4047 of *Streptococcus equi* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

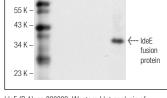
Positive Controls: Streptococcus equi whole cell lysate.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz* Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz* Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz* Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA





D

IdeE (B-1): sc-390308. Western blot analysis of IdeE expression in *Streptococcus equi* whole cell lysate.

IdeE (B-1): sc-390308. Western blot analysis of Streptococcus equi recombinant IdeE (1-349) (A), IdeE2 (1-385) (B), Se42 (1-283) (C), Se18.9 (1-163) (D) and Se110 (1-178) (E) fusion proteins and Streptococcus equi whole cell lysate (F).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.