**SYT (D-3): sc-390615**

**BACKGROUND**

The transcriptional coactivator SYT (synovial translocation protein) contains a conserved amino terminal SNH domain and a carboxy terminal QPGY domain, which is functioning as transcriptional activating sequence. Synovial sarcoma translocation (SSX) proteins, including SSX1-5, are transcriptional repressors that contain a repressor domain in their carboxy termini. SSX proteins are localized to the nucleus and expressed in testis and several types of cancers and, therefore, they are classified as C/T (cancer/testis) antigens. The t(X;18) translocation results in the fusion of the amino terminus of SYT to the carboxy terminus of either SSX1 or SSX2; both fusions result in the production of transcriptional activators. SYT-SSX chimeras are detected in most synovial sarcomas. Synovial sarcomas are responsible for up to 10% of soft issue sarcomas and are histologically characterized as either biphasic or monophasic. Genetic analysis indicates that biphasic synovial sarcomas contain SYT-SSX1 fusions, whereas SYT-SSX2 fusions are found in monophasic synovial sarcomas, providing additional distinguishing characterization of these subtypes.

**REFERENCES**


**CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: SS18 (human) mapping to 18q11.2; Ss18 (mouse) mapping to 18 A1.

**SOURCE**

SYT (D-3) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 351-380 at the C-terminus of SYT of human origin.

**PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG2b kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin. Also available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-390615 X, 200 µg/0.1 ml.

SYT (D-3) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-390615 AC), 500 µg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-390615 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(HP) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-390615 PE), fluorescein (sc-390615 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-390615 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-390615 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-390615 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-390615 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-390615 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-390615 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-390615 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

**APPLICATIONS**

SYT (D-3) is recommended for detection of SYT of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:1000-1:10000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

SYT (D-3) is also recommended for detection of SYT in additional species, including equine, canine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for SYT siRNA (h): sc-38449, SYT siRNA (m): sc-38450, SYT shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38449-SH, SYT shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-38450-SH, SYT shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38449-V and SYT shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38450-V.

SYT (D-3) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

**STORAGE**

Store at 4°C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

**RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

**DATA**

SYT (D-3): sc-390615. Western blot analysis of SYT expression in F9(A), MDA-MB-231 (B), Jurkat (C) and K-562 (D) whole cell lysates.