

# LRG1 (C-4): sc-390920

## BACKGROUND

LRG1 (leucine-rich  $\alpha$ -2-glycoprotein), also known as LRG, is a 347 amino acid secreted protein that contains eight LRR (leucine-rich) repeats and one LRRCT domain. The leucine-rich repeat (LRR) family of proteins, including LRG1, have been shown to be involved in protein-protein interaction, signal transduction, cell adhesion and development. Found mainly in plasma, LRG1 is expressed during granulocyte differentiation. The gene that encodes LRG1 consists of nearly 3,000 bases and maps to human chromosome 19p13.3. Chromosome 19 consists of over 63 million bases, houses approximately 1,400 genes and is recognized for having the greatest gene density of the human chromosomes. It is the genetic home for a number of immunoglobulin (Ig) superfamily members, including the killer cell and leukocyte Ig-like receptors, a number of ICAMs, the CEACAM and PSG families and Fc receptors (FcRs).

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Lrg1 (mouse) mapping to 17 D.

## SOURCE

LRG1 (C-4) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 264-291 near the C-terminus of LRG1 of mouse origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>3</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

LRG1 (C-4) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-390920 AC), 500  $\mu$ g/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-390920 HRP), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-390920 PE), fluorescein (sc-390920 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-390920 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-390920 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-390920 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-390920 AF647), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-390920 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-390920 AF790), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-390920 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

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## APPLICATIONS

LRG1 (C-4) is recommended for detection of LRG1 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for LRG1 siRNA (m): sc-149038, LRG1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-149038-SH and LRG1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-149038-V.

Molecular Weight of LRG1: 38 kDa.

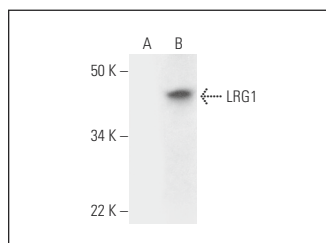
Positive Controls: LRG1 (m2): 293T Lysate: sc-121396.

## RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:

- 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.
- 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).
- 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## DATA



LRG1 (C-4): sc-390920. Western blot analysis of LRG1 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and mouse LRG1 transfected: sc-121396 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Meng, H., et al. 2016. LRG1 promotes angiogenesis through upregulating the TGF- $\beta$ 1 pathway in ischemic rat brain. *Mol. Med. Rep.* 14: 5535-5543.
2. Jin, J., et al. 2019. LRG1 promotes apoptosis and autophagy through the TGF $\beta$ -smad1/5 signaling pathway to exacerbate ischemia/reperfusion injury. *Neuroscience* 413: 123-134.
3. Li, W., et al. 2020. Leucine-rich  $\alpha$ -2-glycoprotein-1 promotes diabetic corneal epithelial wound healing and nerve regeneration via regulation of matrix metalloproteinases. *Exp. Eye Res.* 196: 108060.
4. Gao, M., et al. 2024. Activated platelet-derived exosomal LRG1 promotes multiple myeloma cell growth. *Oncogenesis* 13: 21.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.