α PIX siRNA (h): sc-39146



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The serine/threonine kinase, p21 activated kinase (PAK), is a downstream effector of the small GTPases Cdc42 and Rac. PAK associates with Nck, the p85 and p110 subunits of Pl3-kinase, and PlX (PAK-interacting exchange factor) in a focal complex. The binding of PlX is necessary for the localization and activation of PAK in the Cdc42 to Rac signaling pathway, and this binding occurs through the high affinity of the N-terminal SH3 domain of PlX for a conserved proline rich PAK sequence. PlX exists as two isoforms, α and β and both are highly expressed in heart, muscle, and thymus tissues of human and rat. α PlX is phosphorylated via PDGF and EphB2 receptor signaling pathways or through association with Pl3-kinase. The α PlX isoform predominantly acts as a guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) on Rac, which may mediate lamellipodia formation.

REFERENCES

- 1. Manser, E., et al. 1998. PAK kinases are directly coupled to the PIX family of nucleotide exchange factors. Mol. Cell 1: 183-192.
- Obermeier, A., et al. 1998. PAK promotes morphological changes by acting upstream of Rac. EMBO J. 17: 4328-4339.
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- 4. Yoshii, S., et al. 1999. α PIX nucleotide exchange factor is activated by interaction with phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. Oncogene 18: 5680-5690.
- 5. Daniels, R.H., et al. 1999. α PIX stimulates p21-activated kinase activity through exchange factor-dependent and -independent mechanisms. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 6047-6050.
- Turner, C.E., et al. 1999. Paxillin LD4 motif binds PAK and PIX through a novel 95 kDa ankyrin repeat, ARF-GAP protein: a role in cytoskeletal remodeling. J. Cell Biol. 145: 851-863.
- 7. Li, Z., et al. 2003. Directional sensing requires $G_{\beta\,\gamma}\text{-mediated PAK1}$ and PIX $\alpha\text{-dependent}$ activation of Cdc42. Cell 114: 215-227.
- 8. Feng, Q., et al. 2004. Novel regulatory mechanisms for the Dbl family guanine nucleotide exchange factor Cool- $2/\alpha$ PIX. EMBO J. 23: 3492-3504.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ARHGEF6 (human) mapping to Xq26.3.

PRODUCT

 α PIX siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see α PIX shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-39146-SH and α PIX shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39146-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of αPIX (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-39146A, sc-39146B and sc-39146C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 αPIX siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of αPIX expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

 α PIX (2E5): sc-293362 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of α PIX gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor α PIX gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: α PIX (h)-PR: sc-39146-PR (20 μ I, 562 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.