# hnRNP E1 (F-6): sc-393076



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoproteins (hnRNPs) constitute a set of polypeptides that contribute to mRNA transcription, pre-mRNA processing as well as mature mRNA transport to the cytoplasm and translation. They also bind heterogeneous nuclear RNA (hnRNA), which are the transcripts produced by RNA polymerase II. There are approximately 20 known hnRNP proteins, and their complexes are the major constituents of the spliceosome. The majority of hnRNP protein components are localized to the nucleus; however some shuttle between the nucleus and the cytoplasm, such as hnRNP E1 and E2. hnRNP E1 may function in the cytoplasm as a translational regulatory protein, while hnRNP E2 stabilizes mRNA to enhance polioviral mRNA translation. hnRNP M is involved in pre-mRNA splicing and in stress-induced transient splicing arrest.

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: PCBP1 (human) mapping to 2p13.3; Pcbp1 (mouse) mapping to 6 D1.

#### **SOURCE**

hnRNP E1 (F-6) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 171-280 mapping within an internal region of hnRNP E1 of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \, lg G_1$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

hnRNP E1 (F-6) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-393076 AC), 500  $\mu$ g/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-393076 HRP), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-393076 PE), fluorescein (sc-393076 FITC), Alexa Fluor\* 488 (sc-393076 AF488), Alexa Fluor\* 546 (sc-393076 AF546), Alexa Fluor\* 594 (sc-393076 AF594) or Alexa Fluor\* 647 (sc-393076 AF647), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor\* 680 (sc-393076 AF680) or Alexa Fluor\* 790 (sc-393076 AF790), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

## **APPLICATIONS**

hnRNP E1 (F-6) is recommended for detection of hnRNP E1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); may cross react with hnRNP E2. hnRNP E1 (F-6) is also recommended for detection of hnRNP E1 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

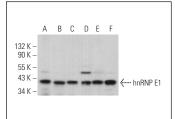
Suitable for use as control antibody for hnRNP E1 siRNA (h): sc-38268, hnRNP E1 siRNA (m): sc-38269, hnRNP E1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-38268-SH, hnRNP E1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-38269-SH, hnRNP E1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38268-V and hnRNP E1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-38269-V.

Molecular Weight of hnRNP E1: 43 kDa.

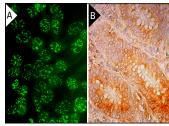
#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

#### **DATA**



hnRNP E1 (F-6): sc-393076. Western blot analysis of hnRNP E1 expression in HEL 92.1.7 (**A**), SK-BR-3 (**B**), C2C12 (**C**), RAW 264.7 (**D**), L6 (**E**) and A-10 (**F**) whole cell lysates



hnRNP E1 (F-6): sc-393076. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed NIH/3T3 cells showing punctate nuclear localization (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human appendix tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells and cytoplasmic and nuclear staining of tymhoid tissue cells (B).

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- 1. Vidaki, M., et al. 2017. A requirement for Mena, an Actin regulator, in local mRNA translation in developing neurons. Neuron 95: 608-622.
- Grillo, A.S., et al. 2017. Restored iron transport by a small molecule promotes absorption and hemoglobinization in animals. Science 356: 608-616.
- Chow, H.Y., et al. 2018. Group I Paks are essential for epithelial-mesenchymal transition in an Apc-driven model of colorectal cancer. Nat. Commun. 9: 3473.
- 4. Xu, H., et al. 2019. Novel replisome-associated proteins at cellular replication forks in EBV-transformed B lymphocytes. PLoS Pathog. 15: e1008228.
- Janecki, D.M., et al. 2021. Poly(C)-binding protein 2 regulates the p53 expression via interactions with the 5'-terminal region of p53 mRNA. Int. J. Mol. Sci. 22: 13306.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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