# α2ML1 (G-8): sc-393082



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

 $\alpha\text{-}2\text{-}Macroglobulin}$   $(\alpha\text{-}2M)$  is a homotetrameric serum protein consisting of four identical subunits that form dimers through disulfide bonds. Initially,  $\alpha\text{-}2M$  was characterized as a pan-proteinase inhibitor that was able to "bait" proteinases into cleaving specific peptide sequences on  $\alpha\text{-}2M$ . This interaction induces a conformational change in  $\alpha\text{-}2M$ , thus enabling it to "trap" the proteinase and further inhibit its activity. Subsequently,  $\alpha\text{-}2M$  has been shown to function as a carrier protein and regulator of cytokines during inflammation. Circulating transforming growth factor  $\beta$  (TGF $\beta$ ) in serum is primarily bound to  $\alpha\text{-}2M$ , which renders TGF $\beta$  inactive. Mutations and deletions in the gene encoding  $\alpha\text{-}2M$  are associated with an increased incidence of Alzheimer's disease (AD).  $\alpha\text{-}2\text{-}Macroglobulin\text{-}like}$  protein 1 ( $\alpha\text{2}M\text{L}1$ ) is a related protein that is expressed in the epidermis and may play a role in keratinocyte differentiation.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Barrett, A.J. and Starkey, P.M. 1973. The interaction of  $\alpha$ -2-Macroglobulin with proteinases. Characteristics and specificity of the reaction, and a hypothesis concerning its molecular mechanism. Biochem. J. 133: 709-724.
- 2. Tsuchiya, Y., et al. 1987. Sequence analysis of the putative regulatory region of rat  $\alpha$ -2-Macroglobulin gene. Gene 57: 73-80.
- 3. Borth, W., et al. 1990. Binding of IL-1  $\beta$  to  $\alpha\text{-macroglobulins}$  and release by thioredoxin. J. Immunol. 145: 3747-3754.

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: A2ML1 (human) mapping to 12p13.31.

## **SOURCE**

 $\alpha 2ML1$  (G-8) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 87-122 near the N-terminus of  $\alpha 2ML1$  of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \ lgG_1$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

 $\alpha 2ML1$  (G-8) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-393082 AC), 500 µg/ 0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-393082 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-393082 PE), fluorescein (sc-393082 FITC), Alexa Fluor\* 488 (sc-393082 AF488), Alexa Fluor\* 546 (sc-393082 AF546), Alexa Fluor\* 594 (sc-393082 AF594) or Alexa Fluor\* 647 (sc-393082 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor\* 680 (sc-393082 AF680) or Alexa Fluor\* 790 (sc-393082 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-393082 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

Alexa Fluor® is a trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Oregon, USA

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **APPLICATIONS**

 $\alpha$ 2ML1 (G-8) is recommended for detection of  $\alpha$ 2ML1 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for  $\alpha 2ML1$  siRNA (h): sc-95683,  $\alpha 2ML1$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-95683-SH and  $\alpha 2ML1$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-95683-V.

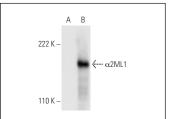
Molecular Weight of  $\alpha$ 2ML1: 180 kDa.

Positive Controls:  $\alpha$ 2ML1 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-372458.

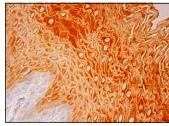
## **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-lgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

### **DATA**



 $\alpha$ 2ML1 (G-8): sc-393082. Western blot analysis of  $\alpha$ 2ML1 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and human  $\alpha$ 2ML1 transfected: sc-372458 (**B**) 293T whole cell Ivsates.



 $\alpha 2ML1$  (G-8): sc-393082. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human esophagus tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of squamous epithelial cells.

#### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.