**BACKGROUND**

Fructose 1,6-bisphosphate aldolase catalyses the reversible condensation of glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate to fructose 1,6-bisphosphate. Fructose 1,6-bisphosphate aldolase exists as three forms, the muscle-specific Aldolase A, the liver-specific Aldolase B, and the brain-specific Aldolase C. Aldolase A, B, and C arise from a common ancestral gene, from which Aldolase B first diverged. Aldolase A is one of the most highly conserved enzymes known, with only about 2% of the residues changing per 100 million years. Aldolase B is regulated by the hormones Insulin and glucagon and has been implicated in hereditary fructose intolerance disease. Aldolase C is a polypeptide that is exclusively expressed in Purkinje cells. Aldolase C-positive Purkinje cells are organized in the cerebellum as stripes or bands that run from anterior to posterior across the cerebellum and alternate with bands of Aldolase C-negative Purkinje cells.

**REFERENCES**


**CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: ALDOB (human) mapping to 9q31.1; Aldob (mouse) mapping to 4 B1.

**SOURCE**

Aldolase B (C-11) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 131-167 within an internal region of Aldolase B of human origin.

**PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Aldolase B (C-11) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-393278 AC), 500 µg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-393278 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHCIP and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-393278 PE), fluorescein (sc-393278 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-393278 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-393278 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-393278 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-393278 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHCIP and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-393278 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-393278 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-393278 P (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing <0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

**STORAGE**

Store at 4°C, **“DO NOT FREEZE”**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

**APPLICATIONS**

Aldolase B (C-11) is recommended for detection of Aldolase B of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

**RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGk BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2035 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

**DATA**

**SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**


**RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.