# Mi2-β (H-7): sc-393647



The Power to Question

# **BACKGROUND**

In the intact cell, DNA closely associates with histones and other nuclear proteins to form chromatin. The remodeling of chromatin is believed to be a critical component of transcriptional regulation and a major source of this remodeling is brought about by the acetylation of nucleosomal histones. Acetylation of lysine residues in the amino terminal tail domain of histone results in an allosteric change in the nucleosomal conformation and an increased accessibility to transcription factors by DNA. Conversely, the deacetylation of histones is associated with transcriptional silencing. Chromatin structure alteration may be brought about by the action of ATP-dependent multiprotein complexes. One such complex is the mSin3 corepressor complex, which contains mSin3, the histone deacetylases HDAC1 and HDAC2, the associated proteins SAP 30 and SAP 18, and the autoantigens Mi2- $\alpha$  and Mi2- $\beta$ .

# **REFERENCES**

- Lee, D.Y., et al. 1993. A positive role for histone acetylation in transcription factor access to nucleosomal DNA. Cell 72: 73-82.
- 2. Braunstein, M., et al. 1993. Transcriptional silencing in yeast is associated with reduced nucleosome acetylation. Genes Dev. 7: 592-604.
- Bauer, W.R., et al. 1994. Nucleosome structural changes due to acetylation.
  J. Mol. Biol. 236: 685-690.
- Seelig, H.P., et al. 1995. The major dermatomyositis-specific Mi-2 autoantigen is a presumed helicase involved in transcriptional activation. Arthritis Rheum. 38: 1389-1399.
- 5. Kingston, R.E., et al. 1996. Repression and activation by multiprotein complexes that alter chromatin structure. Genes Dev. 10: 905-920.
- 6. Zhang, Y., et al. 1997. Histone deacetylases and SAP18, a novel polypeptide, are components of a human Sin3 complex. Cell 89: 357-364.

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: CHD4 (human) mapping to 12p13.31; Chd4 (mouse) mapping to 6 F2.

# **SOURCE**

Mi2- $\beta$  (H-7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 100-121 near the N-terminus of Mi2- $\beta$  of human origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$   $lgG_3$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-393647 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **APPLICATIONS**

Mi2- $\beta$  (H-7) is recommended for detection of Mi2- $\beta$  mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Mi2- $\beta$  (H-7) is also recommended for detection of Mi2- $\beta$  in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Mi2- $\beta$  siRNA (h): sc-37953, Mi2- $\beta$  siRNA (m): sc-37954, Mi2- $\beta$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37953-SH, Mi2- $\beta$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37954-SH, Mi2- $\beta$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37953-V and Mi2- $\beta$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37954-V.

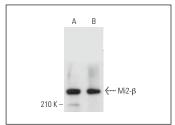
Molecular Weight of Mi2-β: 218 kDa.

Positive Controls: K-562 nuclear extract: sc-2130 or HeLa nuclear extract: sc-2120.

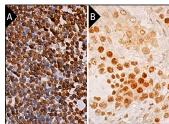
# **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-lgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

#### DATA



Mi2-β (H-7): sc-393647. Western blot analysis of Mi2-β expression in HeLa ( $\bf A$ ) and K-562 ( $\bf B$ ) nuclear extracts. Detection reagent used: m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102.



Mi2-ß (H-7): sc-393647. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human lymph node tissue showing nuclear and cytoplasmic staining of cells in germinal center and cells in non-germinal center (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded mouse testis tissue showing nuclear staining of cells in seminiferous ducts and nucear and cytoplasmic staining of Leydig cells. Blocked with 0.25X UltraCruz\*\* Blocking Reagent: sc-516214. Detected with m-lgGk BP-B: sc-516142 and ImmunoCruz\*\* ABC Kit: sc-516216 (B).

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.