SMYD2 (F-9): sc-393827



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

SMYD2 (SET and MYND domain containing 2), also known as KMT3C, HSKM-B or ZMYND14, is a 433 amino acid protein that contains one SET domain and one MYND-type zinc finger. Expressed at high levels in liver, heart, kidney, ovary and brain, SMYD2 functions as a lysine methyltransferase that, via methylation of p53, may play a role in repressing p53-mediated transcriptional regulation. The gene encoding MSYD2 maps to human chromosome 1, which spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes and comprises nearly 8% of the human genome. Chromosome 1 houses a large number of disease-associated genes, including those that are involved in familial adenomatous polyposis, Stickler syndrome, Parkinson's disease, Gaucher disease, schizophrenia and Usher syndrome. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers, including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SMYD2 (human) mapping to 1q32.3; Smyd2 (mouse) mapping to 1 H6.

SOURCE

SMYD2 (F-9) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 182-433 mapping at the C-terminus of SMYD2 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g \ lgG_1$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

SMYD2 (F-9) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-393827 AC), 500 $\mu g/0.25$ ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-393827 HRP), 200 $\mu g/ml$, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-393827 PE), fluorescein (sc-393827 FITC), Alexa Fluor* 488 (sc-393827 AF488), Alexa Fluor* 546 (sc-393827 AF546), Alexa Fluor* 594 (sc-393827 AF594) or Alexa Fluor* 647 (sc-393827 AF647), 200 $\mu g/ml$, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor* 680 (sc-393827 AF680) or Alexa Fluor* 790 (sc-393827 AF790), 200 $\mu g/ml$, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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APPLICATIONS

SMYD2 (F-9) is recommended for detection of SMYD2 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for SMYD2 siRNA (h): sc-76529, SMYD2 siRNA (m): sc-76530, SMYD2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76529-SH, SMYD2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-76530-SH, SMYD2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76529-V and SMYD2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76530-V.

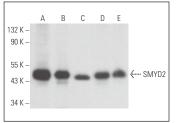
Molecular Weight of SMYD2: 50 kDa.

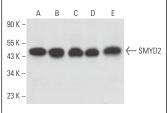
Positive Controls: ACHN whole cell lysate: sc-364365, Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227 or HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz* Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz* Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz* Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA





SMYD2 (F-9): sc-393827. Western blot analysis of SMYD2 expression in SH-SY5Y (**A**), ACHN (**B**), NIH/3T3 (**C**), Hep G2 (**D**) and HeLa (**E**) whole cell

SMYD2 (F-9): sc-393827. Western blot analysis of SMYD2 expression in ACHN (**A**), Caki-1 (**B**), c4 (**C**), Neuro-2A (**D**) and C6 (**E**) whole cell lysates.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Khan, M.I.K., et al. 2021. The ribosomal protein eL21 interacts with the protein lysine methyltransferase SMYD2 and regulates its steady state levels. Biochim. Biophys. Acta Mol. Cell Res. 1868: 119079.
- Yu, Y.Q., et al. 2022. SMYD2 targets RIPK1 and restricts TNF-induced apoptosis and necroptosis to support colon tumor growth. Cell Death Dis. 13: 52.
- Yu, Y.O., et al. 2022. SMYD2 inhibition downregulates TMPRSS2 and decreases SARS-CoV-2 infection in human intestinal and airway epithelial cells. Cells 11: 1262.
- Zhou, Y., et al. 2023. SMYD2 regulates vascular smooth muscle cell phenotypic switching and intimal hyperplasia via interaction with myocardin. Cell. Mol. Life Sci. 80: 264.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.