TGF α siRNA (h): sc-39423



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Transforming growth factor- α (TGF α) is an acid- and heat-stable 50 amino acid protein originally found in rodents and humans. TGF α is 33% homologous at the amino acid level to epidermal growth factor (EGF). TGF α binds to the EGF receptor, mediates tyrosine phosphorylation of the receptor and promotes anchorage-independent growth of normal rat fibroblasts in soft agar in the presence of transforming growth factor- β . TGF α is secreted by a variety of transformed cells and tumors, embryonic cells and some normal adult cells. TGF α bioactivity has been found in the urine of cancer patients. It has been suggested that it may act as an autocrine growth factor for the induction or maintenance of malignancy.

REFERENCES

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- Marquardt, H., et al. 1983. Transforming growth factors produced by retrovirus-transformed rodent fibroblasts and human melanoma cells: amino acid sequence homology with epiermal growth factor. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 80: 4684-4688.
- Kimball, E.S., et al. 1984. Distinct high-performance liquid chromatography pattern of transforming growth factor activity in urine of cancer patients as compared with that of normal individuals. Cancer Res. 44: 3613-3619.
- 4. Derynck, R. 1986. Transforming growth factor- α : structure and biological activities. J. Cell. Biochem. 32: 293-304.
- 5. Samsoondar, J., et al. 1986. α -transforming growth factor secreted by untransformed bovine anterior pituitary cells in culture. I. Purification from conditioned medium. J. Biol. Chem. 261: 14408-14413.
- 6. Sorvillo, J.M., et al. 1990. Preparation and characterization of monoclonal antibodies specific for human transforming growth factor α . Oncogene 5: 377-386.
- Ciardiello, F., et al. 1991. Differential expression of epidermal growth factorrelated proteins in human colorectal tumors. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88: 7792-7796.
- 8. Takagi, T., et al. 2007. Involvement of TGF α in the photoperiodic regulation of reproduction in birds. Endocrinology 148: 2788-2792.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: TGFA (human) mapping to 2p13.3.

PRODUCT

 $TGF\alpha$ siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see $TGF\alpha$ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-39423-SH and $TGF\alpha$ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39423-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of TGF α (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-39423A, sc-39423B and sc-39423C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

TGF α siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of TGF α expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TGF α gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TGF α (h)-PR: sc-39423-PR (20 µl, 554 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. Chen, A.C., et al. 2012. Study of transforming growth factor α for the maintenance of human embryonic stem cells. Cell Tissue Res. 350: 289-303.
- Yu, C.Y., et al. 2018. Transforming growth factor α promotes tumorigenesis and regulates epithelial-mesenchymal transition modulation in colon cancer. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 506: 901-906.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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