# LIGHT siRNA (m): sc-39675



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Herpes virus entry mediator (HVEM), a type I transmembrane protein, is a member of the TNF receptor superfamily. HVEM mediates the entry of herpes simplex virus (HSV) 1 and 2 into T lymphocytes by serving as an attachment site for the HSV envelope glycoprotein D (gD). HVEM also binds two cellular ligands, secreted lymphotoxin a and light. LIGHT is a member of the TNF superfamily produced by activated T cells. This type II transmembrane protein competes with HSV glycoprotein D for binding to HVEM. LIGHT is closely related in sequence to lymphotoxin  $\beta$  (LT $\beta$ ) and can also bind to the LT $\beta$  receptor. LIGHT is also known to induce apoptosis and suppress tumor formation.The gene encoding LIGHT maps to human chromosome 19p13.3.

# **REFERENCES**

- Montgomery, R.I., et al. 1996. Herpes simplex virus-1 entry into cells mediated by a novel member of the TNF/NGF receptor family. Cell. 87: 427-436.
- Marsters, S.A., et al. 1997. Herpes virus entry mediator, a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor (TNFR) family, interacts with members of the TNFR-associated factor family and activates the tran-scription factors NF-kappaB and AP-1. J. Biol. Chem. 30: 14029-14032.
- 3. Whitbeck, J.C., et al. 1997. Glycoprotein D of herpes simplex virus (HSV) binds directly to HVEM, a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily and a mediator of HSV entry. J. Virol. 71: 6083-6093.
- Mauri, D.N., et al. 1998. LIGHT, a new member of the TNF superfamily, and lymphotoxin alpha are ligands for herpesvirus entry mediator. Immunity 8: 21-30.
- 5. Zhai, Y., et al. 1998. LIGHT, a novel ligand for lymphotoxin beta receptor and TR2/HVEM induces apoptosis and suppresses *in vivo* tumor formation via gene transfer. J. Clin. Invest. 15: 1142-1151.
- Granger, S.W., et al. 2001. Genomic characterization of LIGHT reveals linkage to an immune response locus on chromosome 19p13.3 and distinct isoforms generated by alternate splicing or proteolysis. J. Immunol. 167: 5122-5128.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Tnfsf14 (mouse) mapping to 17 D-E1.

## **PRODUCT**

LIGHT siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 20-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu M$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections.

For independent verification of LIGHT (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-39675A, sc-39675B and sc-39675C.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

# **APPLICATIONS**

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{LIGHT}}$  siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{LIGHT}}$  expression in mouse cells.

LIGHT (C-20): sc-7767 is recommended as a control antibody for Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1,000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) protein detection using the recommended secondary reagents listed below.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

# **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10µM in 60 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238. Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed using RT-PCR Primer: LIGHT (m) -PR: sc-39675-PR (20 µl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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