

GDF-3 siRNA (m): sc-39767

BACKGROUND

Growth/differentiation factors (GDFs) are members of the TGF superfamily. Members of the TGF superfamily are involved in embryonic development and adult tissue homeostasis. GDF-1 expression is almost exclusively restricted to the central nervous system and mediates cell differentiation events during embryonic development. Neither GDF-3 (Vgr-2) nor GDF-9 contains the conserved cysteine residue which is found in most other TGF superfamily members. GDF-3 is detectable in bone marrow, spleen, thymus and adipose tissue, whereas GDF-9 has only been detected in ovary. GDF-5 (also designated CDMP-1) has been shown to induce activation of plasminogen activator, thereby inducing angiogenesis. It is predominantly expressed in long bones during fetal embryonic development and is involved in bone formation. GDF-5 mutations have been identified in mice with the mutation brachypodism (bp), a mutation which affects the length and number of bones in limbs. GDF-6 and GDF-7 are closely related to GDF-5. GDF-8 has been shown to be a negative regulator of skeletal muscle mass.

REFERENCES

1. Massague, J. 1990. The transforming growth factor β family. *Annu. Rev. Cell Biol.* 6: 597-641.
2. Lee, S.J. 1991. Expression of growth/differentiation factor 1 in the nervous system: conservation of a bicistronic structure. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 88: 4250-4254.
3. McPherron, A.C., et al. 1993. GDF-3 and GDF-9: two new members of the transforming growth factor β superfamily containing a novel pattern of cysteines. *J. Biol. Chem.* 268: 3444-3449.
4. Storm, E.E., et al. 1994. Limb alterations in brachypodism mice due to mutations in a new member of the TGF β superfamily. *Nature* 368: 639-643.
5. Yamashita, H., et al. 1997. Growth differentiation factor-5 induces angiogenesis *in vivo*. *Exp. Cell Res.* 235: 218-226.
6. McPherron, A.C., et al. 1997. Regulation of skeletal muscle mass in mice by a new TGF β superfamily member. *Nature* 387: 83-90.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Gdf3 (mouse) mapping to 6 F1.

PRODUCT

GDF-3 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GDF-3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-39767-SH and GDF-3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39767-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GDF-3 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-39767A, sc-39767B and sc-39767C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

GDF-3 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of GDF-3 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GDF-3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GDF-3 (m)-PR: sc-39767-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.