



Inhibin β -C siRNA (m): sc-39788

BACKGROUND

The TGF β superfamily is composed of numerous growth and differentiation factors, including transforming growth factor β (TGF β) 1, 2 and 3; growth/differentiation factor (GDF) 1 through 8; Mullerian inhibiting substance (MIS); bone morphogenic protein (BMP) 2 through 8; glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor (GDNF); inhibins (α , β -A, β -B and β -C), Lefty and Nodal. Members of the TGF β superfamily are involved in embryonic development and adult tissue homeostasis. Inhibins and activins inhibit and activate, respectively, the secretion of follitropin by the pituitary gland. Inhibins and activins are involved in regulating a number of functions such as hypothalamic and pituitary hormone secretion, gonadal hormone secretion, germ cell development and maturation, erythroid differentiation, Insulin secretion, nerve cell survival, embryonic axial development or bone growth depending on their subunit composition. Activins oppose the functions of inhibins. Inhibins are predominantly expressed in liver, uterus and ovary tissue, but also in benign prostatic hyperplasia. Inhibin A, a dimer of α and β -A, and inhibin B, a dimer of α and β -B, have been shown to inhibit the secretion of follicle stimulating hormone. Inhibin β -C forms a homodimer and its expression is predominant in adult liver and in benign prostatic hyperplasia.

REFERENCES

1. Stewart, A.G., et al. 1986. Human inhibin genes. Genomic characterisation and sequencing. FEBS Lett. 206: 329-334.
2. Mayo, K.E., et al. 1986. Inhibin A-subunit cDNAs from porcine ovary and human placenta. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83: 5849-5853.
3. Massague, J., et al. 1987. Multiple type- β transforming growth factors and their receptors. J. Cell. Physiol. Suppl. 5: 43-47.
4. Massague, J. 1990. The transforming growth factor- β family. Annu. Rev. Cell Biol. 6: 597-641.
5. Albano, R.M., et al. 1993. Activins are expressed in preimplantation mouse embryos and in ES and EC cells and are regulated on their differentiation. Development 117: 711-723.
6. Schmitt, J., et al. 1996. Structure, chromosomal localization and expression analysis of the mouse inhibin/activin β C (Inh β c) gene. Genomics 32: 358-366.
7. McPherron, A.C., et al. 1997. Regulation of skeletal muscle mass in mice by a new TGF β superfamily member. Nature 387: 83-90.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Inhbc (mouse) mapping to 10 D3.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

Inhibin β -C siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Inhibin β -C shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-39788-SH and Inhibin β -C shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39788-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Inhibin β -C (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-39788A, sc-39788B and sc-39788C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Inhibin β -C siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Inhibin β -C expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Inhibin β -C gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Inhibin β -C (m)-PR: sc-39788-PR (20 μ l, 600 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.