urotensin II siRNA (h): sc-39832



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Two major regulatory peptides were originally isolated from fish urophysial extracts, Urotensin I and II. In both frog and human, the Urotensin II sequence is located at the carboxy-terminal position of the precursor. Human Urotensin II is composed of only 11 amino acid residues, while fish and frog Urotensin II possess 12 and 13 amino acid residues, respectively. The cyclic region of Urotensin II, which is responsible for the biological activity of the peptide, has been fully conserved from fish to human. However, several substitutions have occurred in the amino-terminal region of the molecule. A human G protein-coupled receptor, GPR14, is the Urotensin II receptor. Human Urotensin II is found within both vascular and cardiac tissue, including coronary atheroma, and effectively constricts isolated arteries from nonhuman primates. Urotensin II may act as an autocrine and/or paracrine hormone rather than as a circulating hormone, by playing an important role in the development of ventricular hypertrophy induced by chronic hypoxia.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: UTS2 (human) mapping to 1p36.23.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

urotensin II siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see urotensin II shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-39832-SH and urotensin II shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39832-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of urotensin II (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-39832A, sc-39832B and sc-39832C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

urotensin II siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of urotensin II expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

urotensin II (UII-9): sc-52301 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of urotensin II gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor urotensin II gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: urotensin II (h)-PR: sc-39832-PR (20 μ I, 413 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

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