**BACKGROUND**

HAP1 (Huntingtin-associated protein 1) binds to Huntingtin. Huntingtin is a protein that contains a polyglutamine region and when the number of glutamine repeats exceeds 35, the gene encodes a version of Huntingtin that leads to Huntington's disease (HD). The ability of HAP1 to bind to Huntingtin is enhanced by an expanded polyglutamine repeat region. HAP1 shows neuronal localization and moves with Huntingtin in nerve fibers. HAP1 is primarily expressed in brain tissue, with greater expression in the olfactory bulb and brain stem. HAP1 in rat has been shown to associate with a number of intracellular organelles. Mouse HAP1 is localized to membrane-bound organelles including large endosomes, tubulovesicular structures and budding vesicles in neurons.

**REFERENCES**


**CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: HAP1 (human) mapping to 17q21.2.

**APPLICATIONS**

HAP1 (A-11) is recommended for detection of HAP1 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for HAP1 siRNA (h): sc-94188, HAP1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-94188-SH and HAP1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-94188-V.

Molecular Weight of HAP1A: 75 kDa.
Molecular Weight of HAP1B: 85 kDa.
Positive Controls: HAP1 (h): 293 Lysate: sc-172261.

**RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:


**DATA**

**SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**


**RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

**PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.