ATE1 (E-4): sc-398829



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Arginyl-tRNA-protein transferase (ATE1), also designated arginyltransferase 1, belongs to the R-transferase family of proteins. In order for a protein to be degraded via the ubiquitin pathway, arginylation of the protein is required. ATE1 plays an important role in this process, as it is important for the post-translational conjugation of arginine to the N-terminal aspartate-, glutamate-and possibly cystine-contaning substrates. ATE1 is a 518 amino acid protein. Alternative splicing results in two distinct isoforms. ATE1, which is found as a monomer, can localize to the cytoplasm and/or the nucleus.

REFERENCES

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- 3. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2002. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 607103. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
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- Rai, R. and Kashina, A. 2005. Identification of mammalian arginyltransferases that modify a specific subset of protein substrates. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 102: 10123-10128.
- Lee, M.J., Tasaki, T., Moroi, K., An, J.Y., Kimura, S., Davydov, I.V. and Kwon, Y.T. 2005. RGS4 and RGS5 are *in vivo* substrates of the N-end rule pathway. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 102: 15030-15035.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ATE1 (human) mapping to 10q26.13; Ate1 (mouse) mapping to 7 F3.

SOURCE

ATE1 (E-4) is a mouse monoclonal antibody specific for an epitope mapping between amino acids 245-270 within an internal region of ATE1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgM kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-398829 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% stabilizer protein).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

ATE1 (E-4) is recommended for detection of ATE1 isoforms 1 and 2 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for ATE1 siRNA (h): sc-60220, ATE1 siRNA (m): sc-60221, ATE1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-60220-SH, ATE1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60221-SH, ATE1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60220-V and ATE1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60221-V.

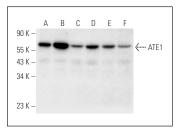
Molecular Weight of ATE1: 59 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227 or Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

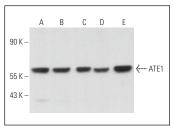
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein L-Agarose: sc-2336 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA







ATE1 (E-4): sc-398829. Western blot analysis of ATE1 expression in MDA-MB-231 (A), HT-29 (B), COLO 205 (C), NIH/3T3 (D) and c4 (E) whole cell lysates

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.