# GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 (C-11): sc-398901



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

In the central nervous system (CNS),  $\gamma$ -aminobutyric acid (GABA) is the main main inhibitory neurotransmitter that functions to regulate neuronal firing. GABA exerts its effects through two different kinds of receptors: ionotropic receptors (GABA<sub>A</sub> R and GABA<sub>C</sub> R), which produce fast inhibitory signals, and metabotropic receptors (GABA<sub>B</sub> R), which produce slow inhibitory signals. The GABA<sub>B</sub> R receptor is a heterodimer that consists of two multi-pass membrane proteins, designated GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 and GABA<sub>B</sub> R2, both of which belong to the G protein-coupled receptor family and are highly expressed in brain tissue. Together, GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 and GABA<sub>B</sub> R2 play a crucial role in the fine-tuning of inhibitory synaptic transmissions and are implicated in slow wave sleep, muscle relaxation, hippocampal long-term potentiation and antinociception events. Both GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 and GABA<sub>B</sub> R2 are regulated by G proteins that have a variety of functions, including activation of potassium channels, inhibition of adenylyl cyclase (A cyclase) activity and modulation of inositol phospholipid hydrolysis.

## **REFERENCES**

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### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: GABBR1 (human) mapping to 6p22.1; Gabbr1 (mouse) mapping to 17 B1.

## **SOURCE**

 $GABA_B$  R1 (C-11) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 661-960 mapping at the C-terminus of  $GABA_B$  R1 of rat origin.

### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \, lg G_1$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## **APPLICATIONS**

GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 (C-11) is recommended for detection of GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 $\alpha$  and GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 $\beta$  of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 siRNA (h): sc-42459, GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 siRNA (m): sc-42460, GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42459-SH, GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42460-SH, GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42459-V and GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42460-V.

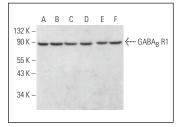
Molecular Weight of GABA<sub>B</sub> R1: 130 kDa.

Positive Controls: IMR-32 cell lysate: sc-2409, A549 cell lysate: sc-2413 or SH-SY5Y cell lysate: sc-3812.

## **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## DATA



GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 (C-11): sc-398901. Western blot analysis of GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 expression in IMR-32 ( $\mathbf{A}$ ), A549 ( $\mathbf{B}$ ), SH-SY5Y ( $\mathbf{C}$ ), C6 ( $\mathbf{D}$ ), E0C 20 ( $\mathbf{E}$ ) and AMJ2-C8 ( $\mathbf{F}$ ) whole cell lysates.

### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.