JIP-2 (C-10): sc-398926



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

c-Jun NH₂-terminal kinases (JNKs) are distant members of the MAP kinase family. JNK1 is activated by dual phosphorylation at a Thr-Pro-Tyr motif in response to ultraviolet (UV) light, and it functions to phosphorylate c-Jun at amino terminal serine regulatory sites, Ser 63 and Ser 73, resulting in transcriptional activation. Two additional JNK family members have been identified as JNK2 and JNK3. JIP-1 (for JNK interacting protein-1) has been identified as a cytoplasmic inhibitor of JNK that retains JNK in the cytoplasm, thereby inhibiting JNK-regulated gene expression. Evidence suggests that JNK1 and JNK2 bind to JIP-1 with greater affinity than to ATF-2 and c-Jun, which are targets of the JNK signaling pathway. JIP-1 contains an amino terminal JNK binding domain and a carboxy terminal SH3 domain. ATF-2 and c-Jun also contain the JNK binding domain and are thought to compete with JIP-1 for JNK binding. Multiple splice variants if JIP-1, including JIP-1b, JIP-1c (also designated islet-brain 1 or IB-1), JIP-2a, JIP-2b and JIP-3, have been identified in brain.

REFERENCES

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- Derijard, B., et al. 1994. JNK1: a protein kinase stimulated by UV light and Ha-Ras that binds and phosphorylates the c-Jun activation domain. Cell 76: 1025-1037.
- 4. Kyriakis, J.M., et al. 1994. The stress-activated protein kinase subfamily of c-Jun kinases. Nature 369: 156-160.
- Davis, R.J. 1995. Transcriptional regulation by MAP kinases. Mol. Reprod. Dev. 42: 459-467.
- Dickens, M., et al. 1997. A cytoplasmic inhibitor of the JNK signal transduction pathway. Science 277: 693-696.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MAPK8IP2 (human) mapping to 22q13.33.

SOURCE

JIP-2 (C-10) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 41-135 of JIP-2 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG_{2a} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

JIP-2 (C-10) is recommended for detection of JIP-2 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000)

Suitable for use as control antibody for JIP-2 siRNA (h): sc-40719, JIP-2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40719-SH and JIP-2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40719-V.

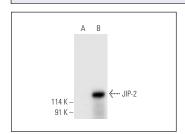
Molecular Weight of JIP-2: 88 kDa.

Positive Controls: JIP-2 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-177412.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA



JIP-2 (C-10): sc-398926. Western blot analysis of JIP-2 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human JIP-2 transfected: sc-177412 (B) 293T whole cell Ivsates.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.