

# CXCR-3 siRNA (m): sc-39903

## BACKGROUND

The C-X-C or  $\alpha$  chemokine family is characterized by a pair of cysteine residues separated by a single amino acid and primarily functions as chemoattractants for neutrophils. The C-X-C family includes IL-8, NAP-2, MSGA and stromal cell derived factor-1 (SDF-1). SDF-1 was originally described as a pre-B cell stimulatory factor, but has since been shown to function as a potent chemoattractant for T cells and monocytes but not neutrophils. Receptors for the C-X-C family are G protein-coupled, seven pass transmembrane domain proteins which include IL-8RA, IL-8RB, CXCR-3 and fusin (also designated LESTR or CXCR-4). CXCR-3, also known as IP-10/MIG receptor, mediates  $Ca^{2+}$  mobilization and chemotaxis in response to the C-X-C chemokines IP-10 and MIG. CXCR-3 is highly expressed in IL-2-activated T lymphocytes, but not in resting T lymphocytes, B lymphocytes, monocytes or granulocytes.

## REFERENCES

1. Laterveer, L., et al. 1996. Rapid mobilization of hematopoietic progenitor cells in rhesus monkeys by a single intravenous injection of interleukin-8. *Blood* 87: 781-788.
2. Deng, H., et al. 1996. Identification of a major co-receptor for primary isolates of HIV-1. *Nature* 381: 661-666.
3. Nagasawa, T., et al. 1996. Defects of B-cell lymphopoiesis and bone-marrow myelopoiesis in mice lacking the C-X-C chemokine PBSF/SDF-1. *Nature* 382: 635-638.
4. Ahuja, S.K., et al. 1996. C-X-C chemokines bind to unique sets of selectivity determinants that can function independently and are broadly distributed on multiple domains of human interleukin-8 receptor B. Determinants of high affinity binding and receptor activation are distinct. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 225-232.
5. Bleul, C.C., et al. 1996. The lymphocyte chemoattractant SDF-1 is a ligand for LESTR/fusin and blocks HIV-1 entry. *Nature* 382: 829-833.
6. Feng, Y., et al. 1996. HIV-1 entry cofactor: functional cDNA cloning of a seven-transmembrane, G protein-coupled receptor. *Science* 272: 872-877.
7. Loetscher, M., et al. 1996. Chemokine receptor specific for IP10 and Mig: structure, function and expression in activated T lymphocytes. *J. Exp. Med.* 184: 963-969.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: *Cxcr3* (mouse) mapping to X D.

## PRODUCT

CXCR-3 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CXCR-3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-39903-SH and CXCR-3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39903-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CXCR-3 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-39903A, sc-39903B and sc-39903C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

CXCR-3 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of CXCR-3 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

CXCR-3 (G-8): sc-137140 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of CXCR-3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CXCR-3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CXCR-3 (m)-PR: sc-39903-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.