# DDR2 siRNA (m): sc-39923



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

The majority of the large number of receptor tyrosine kinases that have been identified can be categorized into distinct families based on the structure of their extracellular domains. Only a limited number of ligands for the receptors have been described, and while the majority of the ligands identified are soluble factors, an increasing number of receptors have been shown to bind to cell-surface molecules. Discoidin domain receptor 1 (DDR1), previously identified as Cak, for cell adhesion kinase, and also designated MCK-10, EDDR1, NEP, Ptk-3, NTRK4, RTK6 or trk E, and discoidin domain receptor 2 (DDR2) comprise a new family of receptor tyrosine kinases involved in cell-cell interactions. Both DDR1 and DDR2 have been shown to be activated by collagen. Evidence suggests that a docking site for the Shc phosphotyrosine binding domain is phosphorylated in response to activation of DDR1 by collagen, whereas collagen activation of DDR2 results in upregulation of matrix metal-loproteinase-1 expression.

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Ullrich, A., et al. 1990. Signal transduction by receptors with tyrosine kinase activity. Cell 61: 203-212.
- 2. Huang, E., et al. 1990. The hematopoietic growth factor KL is encoded by the S1 locus and is the ligand of the c-Kit receptor, the gene product of the W locus. Cell 63: 225-233.
- 3. Pawson, T., et al. 1990. Receptor tyrosine kinases: genetic evidence for their role in *Drosophila* and mouse development. Trends Genet. 6: 350-356.
- 4. Kramer, H., et al. 1991. Interaction of bride of sevenless membrane-bound ligand and the sevenless tyrosine-kinase receptor. Nature 325: 207-212.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Ddr2 (mouse) mapping to 1 H3.

# **PRODUCT**

DDR2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu\text{M}$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see DDR2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-39923-SH and DDR2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39923-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of DDR2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-39923A, sc-39923B and sc-39923C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{DDR2}}$  siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of DDR2 expression in mouse cells.

## **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

DDR2 (3B11E4): sc-81707 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of DDR2 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor DDR2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: DDR2 (m)-PR: sc-39923-PR (20  $\mu$ l, 503 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Shyu, K.G., et al. 2005. Regulation of discoidin domain receptor 2 by cyclic mechanical stretch in cultured rat vascular smooth muscle cells. Hypertension 46: 614-621.
- Lee, J.E., et al. 2007. Discoidin domain receptor 2 is involved in the activation of bone marrow-derived dendritic cells caused by type I collagen. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 352: 244-250.
- Poudel, B., et al. 2015. DDR2 inhibition reduces migration and invasion of murine metastatic melanoma cells by suppressing MMP2/9 expression through ERK/NFκB pathway. Acta Biochim. Biophys. Sin. 47: 292-298.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 Fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com