DR5 siRNA (m): sc-40238



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Tumor necrosis factor (TNF) is a pleiotropic cytokine whose function is mediated by two distinct cell surface receptors, designated TNF-R1 and TNF-R2, which are expressed on most cell types. TNF function is primarily mediated through TNF-R1 signaling. Both receptors belong to the growing TNF receptor superfamily which includes FAS antigen and CD40. TNF-R1 contains a cytoplasmic motif, termed the "death domain", that has been found to be necessary for the transduction of the apoptotic signal. The death domain is also found in several other receptors, including FAS, DR2 (or TRUNDD), DR3 (death receptor 3), DR4 and DR5. TRUNDD, DR4 and DR5 are receptors for the apoptosis-inducing cytokine TRAIL. A non-death domain-containing receptor, designated decoy receptor (DcRI or TRID), also specifically associates with TRAIL and may play a role in cellular resistance to apoptotic stimuli.

REFERENCES

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- 2. Smith, C.A., et al. 1994. The TNF receptor superfamily of cellular and viral proteins: activation, costimulation, and death. Cell 76: 959-962.
- 3. Nagata, S. and Golstein, P. 1995. The FAS death factor. Science 267: 1449-1456.
- Kitson, J., et al. 1996. A death-domain-containing receptor that mediates apoptosis. Nature 384: 372-375.
- 5. Pan, G., et al. 1997. The receptor for the cytotoxic ligand TRAIL. Science 276: 111-113.
- Pan, G., et al. 1997. An antagonist decoy receptor and a death domaincontaining receptor for TRAIL. Science 277: 815-818.
- 7. Sheridan, J.P., et al. 1997. Control of TRAIL-induced apoptosis by a family of signaling and decoy receptors. Science 277: 818-821.
- 8. Pan, G., et al. 1998. TRUNDD, a new member of the TRAIL receptor family that antagonizes TRAIL signalling. FEBS Lett. 424: 41-45.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Tnfrsf10b (mouse) mapping to 14 D2.

PRODUCT

DR5 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see DR5 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-40238-SH and DR5 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40238-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of DR5 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-40238A, sc-40238B and sc-40238C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

DR5 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of DR5 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

DR5 (MD5-1): sc-57086 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of DR5 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor DR5 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: DR5 (m)-PR: sc-40238-PR (20 μ l, 534 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Kim, J.E., et al. 2013. Bortezomib enhances antigen-specific cytotoxic T cell responses against immune-resistant cancer cells generated by Stat3ablated dendritic cells. Pharmacol. Res. 71: 23-33.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.