# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# A cyclase I siRNA (h): sc-40316



#### BACKGROUND

Adenylyl cyclases function to convert ATP to cyclic AMP in response to activation by a variety of hormones, neurotransmitters and other regulatory molecules. Cyclic AMP, in turn, activates several other target molecules to control a broad range of diverse phenomena such as metabolism, gene transcription and memory. Adenylyl cyclases respond to receptor-initiated signals, mediated by the G<sub>s</sub> and G<sub>i</sub> heterotrimeric G proteins. The binding of an agonist to a G<sub>s</sub>-coupled receptor catalyzes the exchange of GDP (bound to G<sub> $\alpha$  s</sub>) for GTP, the dissociation of GTP-G<sub> $\alpha$  s</sub> from G<sub> $\beta$ Y</sub> and G<sub> $\alpha$  s</sub>-mediated activation of adenylyl cyclase. A cyclase I, also known as AC1 or ADCY1, is a 1,119 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein expressed in the brain, retina and adrenal medulla. A cyclase I binds two magnesium ions per subunit and may be involved in regulatory processes in the central nervous system.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Gilman, A.G. 1987. G proteins: transducers of receptor-generated signals. Annu. Rev. Biochem. 56: 615-649.
- 2. Bourne, H.R., et al. 1990. The GTPase superfamily: a conserved switch for diverse cell functions. Nature 348: 125-132.
- 3. Tang, W.-J. and Gilman, A.G. 1992. Adenylyl cyclases. Cell 70: 869-872.
- Taussig, R., et al. 1994. Distinct patterns of bidirectional regulation of mammalian adenylyl cyclases. J. Biol. Chem. 269: 6093-6100.
- Liu, C.Y., et al. 1999. FICRhR/cyclic AMP signaling in myenteric ganglia and calbindin-D28 intrinsic primary afferent neurons involves adenylyl cyclases I, III and IV. Brain Res. 826: 253-269.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ADCY1 (human) mapping to 7p12.3.

#### PRODUCT

A cyclase I siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see A cyclase I shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40316-SH and A cyclase I shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40316-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of A cyclase I (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-40316A, sc-40316B and sc-40316C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### APPLICATIONS

A cyclase I siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of A cyclase I expression in human cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

#### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

A cyclase I (F-10): sc-365350 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of A cyclase I gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

#### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor A cyclase I gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: A cyclase I (h)-PR: sc-40316-PR (20  $\mu$ I, 422 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Mao, C., et al. 2022. Genome-wide analysis identify novel germline genetic variations in ADCY1 influencing platinum-based chemotherapy response in non-small cell lung cancer. Acta Pharm. Sin. B 12: 1514-1522.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.