βA2-crystallin siRNA (h): sc-40436



The Power to Questio

BACKGROUND

Crystallins are the major proteins of the vertebrate eye lens, where they maintain the transparency and refractive index of the lens. Crystallins are divided into α , β and γ families, and the β - and γ -crystallins also comprise a superfamily. Crystallins usually contain seven distinctive protein regions, including four homologous motifs, a connecting peptide, and N- and C-terminal extensions. β -crystallins constitute the major lens structural proteins, and they associate into dimers, tetramers and higher order aggregates. The β -crystallin subfamily is composed of several gene products, including β A1-, β A2-, β A3-, β A4-, β B1-, β B2- and β B3-crystallin. The β A1- and β A3-crystallin proteins are encoded by a single mRNA. They differ by only 17 amino acids, and β A1-crystallin is generated by use of an alternate translation initiation site.

REFERENCES

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- 4. Slingsby, C., et al. 1999. Structure of the crystallins. Eye 13: 395-402.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CRYBA2 (human) mapping to 2q35.

PRODUCT

 $\beta A2$ -crystallin siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see $\beta A2$ -crystallin shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40436-SH and $\beta A2$ -crystallin shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40436-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of β A2-crystallin (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-40436A, sc-40436B and sc-40436C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

 $\beta A2$ -crystallin siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of $\beta A2$ -crystallin expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor $\beta A2$ -crystallin gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: $\beta A2$ -crystallin (h)-PR: sc-40436-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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