# eIF3 p110 siRNA (h): sc-40545



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Translation initiation in eukaryotes necessitates the assembly of an 80S ribosomal complex containing methionyl initiator tRNA (Met-tRNAiMet), which is base paired at the initiation codon (AUG, GUG) in eligible transcripts. Eukaryotic initiation factors (elFs) are utilized in a sequence of reactions that leads to 80S ribosomal assembly and initiation of translation. Eukaryotic initiation factor-3 (elF3) is the largest family of elFs and consists of at least 10 unique subunits (p170, p116, p110, p66, p48, p47, p44, p40, p36, and p35) in mammals. elF3 subunit-9 (elF3- $\eta$ , elF3-p116, p116, elF3-S9, PRT1) is a 873 amino acid component of the elF3 multi-subunit complex that is involved in ribosomal 48S complex formation. Association of the elF3 complex with the 40S ribosomal subunit stabilizes elF2-GTP-Met-tRNAiMet complex association and mRNA binding, and promotes dissociation of 80S ribosomes into 40S and 60S subunits.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1. Asano, K., et al 1997. Conservation and diversity of eukaryotic translation initiation factor elF3. J. Biol. Chem. 272: 1101-1109.
- Chaudhuri, J., et al. 1999. Distinct functions of eukaryotic translation initiation factors eIF1A and eIF3 in the formation of the 40 S ribosomal preinitiation complex. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 17975-17980.
- 3. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 1999. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 603916. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- Korneeva, N.L., et al. 2000. Mutually cooperative binding of eukaryotic translation initiation factor (eIF) 3 and eIF4A to human eIF4G-1. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 41369-41376.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: EIF3C/EIF3CL (human) mapping to 16p11.2.

## **PRODUCT**

elF3 p110 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see elF3 p110 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-40545-SH and elF3 p110 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40545-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of eIF3 p110 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-40545A, sc-40545B and sc-40545C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

eIF3 p110 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of eIF3 p100 expression in human cells.

## **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

eIF3 p110 (B-6): sc-74507 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of eIF3 p110 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor eIF3 p100 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: eIF3 p110 (h)-PR: sc-40545-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- 1. Emmanuel, R., et al. 2013. elF3c: a potential therapeutic target for cancer. Cancer Lett. 336: 158-166.
- Tsukimoto, A., et al. 2015. A new role for PGA1 in inhibiting hepatitis C virus-IRES-mediated translation by targeting viral translation factors. Antiviral Res. 117: 1-9.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

**Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc.** 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 **Europe** +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 **www.scbt.com**