SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

NDST1 siRNA (m): sc-40762

BACKGROUND

The N-deacetylation and N-sulfation of N-acetylglucosamine residues in heparan sulfate and heparin initiate a set of biochemical reactions which lead to the synthesis of oligosaccharide sequences that have specific ligand binding properties. These reactions are catalyzed by the monomeric enzymes GlcNAc N-deacetylase/N-sulfotransferases (NDSTs), which have two catalytic activities. Multiple NDST isozymes have been identified, each having unique tissue distribution and enzymatic properties. Phylogenetic data suggests that NDST1-4 evolved from a common ancestral gene, which diverged to give rise to two subtypes, NDST1/2 and NDST3/4. NDST1 shares the most homology with NDST2. The least conserved amino acids between these two enzymes are found in the N-terminus/putative transmembrane regions. The human NDST3 and NDST4 genes are closely linked on chromosome 4. RT-PCR analysis of various mouse tissues reveals a restricted pattern of NDST3 and NDST4 mRNA expression when compared with that of NDST1 and NDST2, which are abundantly and ubiquitously expressed.

REFERENCES

1. Dixon, J., et al. 1995. Cloning of the human heparan sulfate-N-deacetylase/N-sulfotransferase gene from the Treacher Collins syndrome candidate region at 5q32-q33.1. Genomics 26: 239-244.
2. Humphries, D.E., et al. 1998. cDNA cloning, genomic organization and chromosomal localization of human heparan glucosaminyl N-deacetylase/N-sulphotransferase-2. Biochem. J. 332: 303-307.
3. Aikawa, J., et al. 1999. Molecular cloning and expression of a third member of the heparan sulfate/heparin GlcNAc N-deacetylase/N-sulfotransferase family. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 2690-2695.
4. Aikawa, J., et al. 2001. Multiple isozymes of heparan sulfate/heparin GlcNAc N-deacetylase/GlcN N-sulfotransferase. Structure and activity of the fourth member, NDST4. J. Biol. Chem. 276: 5876-5882.
5. LocusLink Report (LocusID: 9348). http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/LocusLink/

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Ndst1 (mouse) mapping to 18 E1.

PRODUCT

NDST1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 µM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see NDST1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-40762-SH and NDST1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-40762-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of NDST1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-40762A, sc-40762B and sc-40762C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 µl of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 µl of RNAse-free water makes a 10 µM solution in a 10 µM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

NDST1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of NDST1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor NDST1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: NDST1 (m)-PR: sc-40762-PR (20 µl, 476 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.