Wnt-15 siRNA (m): sc-41127



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The Wnt genes encode a family of secreted extracellular signaling glycoproteins, which function in a variety of important developmental processes such as regulation of cell growth and differentiation. Wnt proteins also play roles in carcinogenesis. Wnt-14 rather than Wnt-15 is preferentially expressed in various types of human cancer and is upregulated by IFN- γ , but not by TNF α , in cells derived from gastric cancer. Wnt-15 is expressed in fetal and adult kidney and is most homologous to Wnt-14. Wnt-16, another member in the Wnt family, has two mRNA isoforms, Wnt-16a and Wnt-16b. These isoforms differ in the composition of their 5'UTR and first exon, which results in differential expression. Wnt-16a is expressed only on the pancreas, whereas Wnt-16b is highly expressed in adult kidney, placenta, brain, heart and spleen, but not in bone marrow. However, Wnt-16 transcripts are present in bone marrow and cell lines derived from pre-B acute lymphoblastoid leukemias patients carrying the E2A-Pbx1 hybrid gene. Thus, Wnt-16 is a downstream target of E2A-Pbx1, and the Wnt-16-mediated autocrine growth mechanism may contribute to the development of t(1;19) pre-B acute lymphoblastoid leukemias.

REFERENCES

- Bergstein, I., et al. 1997. Isolation of two novel Wnt genes, Wnt-14 and Wnt-15, one of which (Wnt-15) is closely linked to Wnt-3 on human chromosome 17q21. Genomics 46: 450-458.
- McWhirter, J.R., et al. 1999. Oncogenic homeodomain transcription factor E2A-Pbx1 activates a novel Wnt gene in pre-B acute lymphoblastoid leukemia. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96: 11464-11469.
- Fear, M.W., et al. 2000. Wht-16a, a novel Wht-16 isoform, which shows differential expression in adult human tissues. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 278: 814-820.
- Kirikoshi, H., et al. 2001. Molecular cloning and characterization of Wnt-14b, a novel member of the Wnt gene family. Int. J. Oncol. 19: 947-952.
- 5. Kirikoshi, H., et al. 2001. Expression of Wnt-14 and Wnt-14b mRNAs in human cancer, upregulation of Wnt-14 by IFN- γ and upregulation of Wnt-14b by β -estradiol. Int. J. Oncol. 19: 1221-1225.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Wnt9b (mouse) mapping to 11 E1.

PRODUCT

Wnt-15 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Wnt-15 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-41127-SH and Wnt-15 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41127-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Wnt-15 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-41127A, sc-41127B and sc-41127C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20 $^{\circ}$ C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Wnt-15 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Wnt-15 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Wnt-15 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Wnt-15 (m)-PR: sc-41127-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com