

Wnt-16 siRNA (h): sc-41128

BACKGROUND

The Wnt genes encode a family of secreted extracellular signaling glycoproteins, which function in a variety of important developmental processes such as regulation of cell growth and differentiation. Wnt proteins also play roles in carcinogenesis. Wnt-14, rather than Wnt-15, is preferentially expressed in various types of human cancer. Wnt-15 is expressed in fetal and adult kidney and is most homologous to Wnt-14. Wnt-16, another member in the Wnt family, has two mRNA isoforms, Wnt-16a and Wnt-16b. These isoforms differ in the composition of their 5'UTR and first exon, which results in differential expression. Wnt-16a is expressed only in pancreas, whereas Wnt-16b is highly expressed in adult kidney, placenta, brain, heart and spleen, but not in bone marrow. However, Wnt-16 transcripts are present in bone marrow and cell lines derived from pre-B acute lymphoblastoid leukemia patients carrying the E2A-Pbx1 hybrid gene. Thus, Wnt-16 is a downstream target of E2A-Pbx1, and the Wnt-16-mediated autocrine growth mechanism may contribute to the development of t(1;19) pre-B acute lymphoblastoid leukemias.

REFERENCES

1. Bergstein, I., et al. 1997. Isolation of two novel Wnt genes, Wnt-14 and Wnt15, one of which (Wnt15) is closely linked to Wnt3 on human chromosome 17q21. *Genomics* 46: 450-458.
2. McWhirter, J.R., et al. 1999. Oncogenic homeodomain transcription factor E2A-Pbx1 activates a novel Wnt gene in pre-B acute lymphoblastoid leukemia. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 96: 11464-11469.
3. Fear, M.W., et al. 2000. Wnt-16a, a novel Wnt-16 isoform, which shows differential expression in adult human tissues. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 278: 814-820.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: WNT16 (human) mapping to 7q31.31.

PRODUCT

Wnt-16 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Wnt-16 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-41128-SH and Wnt-16 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41128-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Wnt-16 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-41128A, sc-41128B and sc-41128C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Wnt-16 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Wnt-16 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Wnt-16 (B-4): sc-271897 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Wnt-16 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Wnt-16 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Wnt-16 (h)-PR: sc-41128-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Ozeki, N., et al. 2016. Wnt16 signaling is required for IL-1 β -induced matrix metalloproteinase-13-regulated proliferation of human stem cell-derived osteoblastic cells. *Int. J. Mol. Sci.* 17: 221.
2. Ozeki, N., et al. 2016. Bone morphogenetic protein-induced cell differentiation involves Atg7 and Wnt16 sequentially in human stem cell-derived osteoblastic cells. *Exp. Cell Res.* 347: 24-41.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.