

# Syntaphilin siRNA (m): sc-41370

## BACKGROUND

Syntaxins are categorized as proteins that anchor themselves to the cytoplasmic surfaces of cellular membranes. Syntaxins have been shown to bind to various proteins involved in exocytosis, including VAMPs (vesicle-associated membrane proteins), NSF (N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive factor), SNAP 25, SNAPs (soluble NSF attachment proteins) and Synaptotagmin. Syntaphilin competes with SNAP 25 for Syntaxin 1 binding. By absorbing free Syntaxin 1, Syntaphilin can inhibit the assembly of the SNARE complex, and thereby regulate Synaptic vesicle exocytosis.

## REFERENCES

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2. Bennett, M.K., et al. 1993. The Syntaxin family of vesicular transport receptors. *Cell* 74: 863-873.
3. Yamaguchi, K., et al. 1994. Exocytosis relating proteins in the nervous system. *Neurosci. Res.* 20: 289-292.
4. Hayashi, T., et al. 1994. Synaptic vesicle membrane fusion complex: action of clostridial neurotoxins on assembly. *EMBO J.* 13: 5051-5061.
5. Edelman, L., et al. 1995. Synaptobrevin binding to Synaptophysin: a potential mechanism for controlling the exocytosis fusion machine. *EMBO J.* 14: 224-231.
6. McMahon, H.T., et al. 1995. Synaptic core complex of Synaptobrevin, Syntaxin, and SNAP 25 forms high affinity  $\alpha$ -SNAP binding site. *J. Biol. Chem.* 270: 2213-2217.
7. Lin, R.C., et al. 1997. Structural organization of the synaptic exocytosis core complex. *Neuron* 19: 1087-1094.
8. Barnard, R.J., et al. 1997. Stimulation of NSF ATPase activity by  $\alpha$ -SNAP is required for SNARE complex disassembly and exocytosis. *J. Cell Biol.* 139: 875-883.
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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Snph (mouse) mapping to 2 G3.

## PRODUCT

Syntaphilin siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Syntaphilin shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-41370-SH and Syntaphilin shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-41370-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Syntaphilin (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-41370A, sc-41370B and sc-41370C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

Syntaphilin siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Syntaphilin expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Syntaphilin (F-4): sc-365606 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Syntaphilin gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Syntaphilin gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Syntaphilin (m)-PR: sc-41370-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.